

SUNSET

IN ENGLISH

You Can ... do it. Primary 4



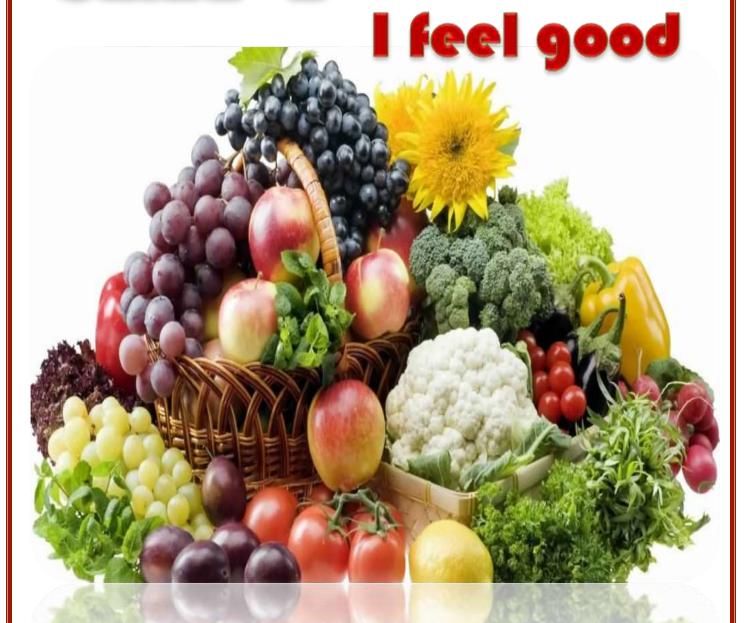
Name:....

Mr. Mohamed Gad Sadaka.

01092786381







Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



Lesson 1

Food and drinks

rood and drinks

Vocabulary

الوجرات

breakfast	الافطار	lunch	الغداء	dinner	العشاء	
		لا پھر:	1211			
Chicke	n	دجاج	rice	_	أرز	
		•				
grapes	3	عنب	banana	S	موز	
milk		لبن	mangoe	S	مانجو	
onions		بصل	sugar ca	ne d	قصب سک	
8	50					
potatoe	es (بطاطس	waterme	lon	بطيخ	
Other vocabulary						

ready	جاهز	country	دولة
special food	طعام خاص	Farmers	فلاحون
delicious	لذيذ	produce	ينتج
table	منضدة	think	يعتقد



grow	raise يزرع	يرېي
	5	<u></u>

Verbs

present past

make	يصنع	made
come	يأتي	came
eat	يأكل	ate

Expressions

It looks delicious!	أنه يبدوا لذيذ
Do you think?	هل تعتقد؟
That's right!	هذا صحيح
What else?	ماذا ایضا؟
Let's eat!	ھيا نأكل
Yum!	لذيذ

Reading

Mum: Lunch is ready. I made some special food for us.

Maged: Mom, it looks delicious!

Mum: Which food comes from our country, do you think?

Maged: I think we grow rice in Egypt.

Mum: Yes, that's right. What else?

Maged: Hmmm, I think we raise

chicken in Egypt.

Mom: Yes and tomatoes and onions.

Egyptian farmers produce many things you see in this

table. Let's eat!

Maged: Yum!



Situations

جبة	+ ready	عشان تقول ان الاكل جاهز
Lunch is ready.	الغداء جاهز	
Breakfast is ready	الافطار جاهز .	
Dinner is ready.	العشاء جاهز	
(.	<mark>ق</mark> تقول واحدة من الاتنين دول	عشان تقول ان الاكل لذيذ (ه
- It looks delicious	إنه يبدوا لذيذ!	
- Yum!	لذيذ	
· I بمعني أنا اعتقد	كد منها ابدأ كلامك ب think	3 عايز تقول حاجة وأنت مش متأ
ایز تقولها + I think -	الحاجة الي ء	
I think we grow rid	ce In Egypt.	أنا أعتقد أننا نزرع أرز في مصر.
I think we raise ch	سر	أنا أعتقد أننا نربي الدجاج في مص
ل الاساسي ف المصدر	تنب <mark>s'let و</mark> حط بعدها الفعل	عايز تقول يلا بينا نعمل حاجة اك
let's eat.	یلا ناکل	
Let's drink tea.	يلا نشرب شاي	
Let's go out.	يلا نخرج	
ىل:	ِعها في مصر في خمس جد	تدریب: فکر وأکتب خمس حجات بنزر
Think and write fiv	ve things we grow in Eg	gypt in five sentences:
	••••••	



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

1- I some special food for us.

2- It looks

3- We grow rice in Egypt.

4- We chicken in Egypt.

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- We have in the afternoon.

(breakfast - lunch - dinner)

2- I raise chicken in Egypt.

(think - eat - come)

3- Let's some chicken.

(eat - eating - eats)

4- We have break fast on the

(Chair - floor - table)

(ready - read - country)

3- Choose the odd word:

1- bananas - grapes - Sunday - mangoes.

2- milk - fish - tea - water.

3- raise - grow - eat - rice.

4- Do - What - Which - Where.

4- Read and put true () or false (X):

I'm Omar. My mom made some special food for us. It looks
delicious. My mom told me that we grow rice, tomatoes and onions in
Egypt. We raise chicken in Egypt. Egyptain farmers produce many
things you can see on your table.

7			
1- Omar's mom made some special food.	()	
2- We raise lions in Egypt.	()	
3- We grow bananas in America.	()	
4- We grow onions in Egypt.	()	
5- The food looks delicious.	()	
5- look and Write a paragraph of four ((4) ser	ntences:	
	1		

6- Punctuate the following sentence:

i have dinner with my friend ahmed on sunday.



Lesson 1

The Digestive System

the Digestive system

Vocabulary

بعض اجزاء الجسم





esophagus

المرئ

mouth

فم



stomach

معدة

liver

کىد



small intestine

الامعاء الدقيقة

large intestine

الامعاء الغليظة



teeth

أسنان

body

جسم

Other vocabulary

fats	دھون	water	ماء
salt	ملح	remove	يزيل
digest	يهضم	chew	يمضغ
liquid	سائل	nutrients	عناصر غذائية
need	يحتاج	gastric juice	عصارة المعدة

Verbs

present past

drink	يشرب
take	يأخذ

drank took



Expressions

go from to	ينتقل من الي
move from to	ينتقل من الي
take out	یخرج
go down	ينزل

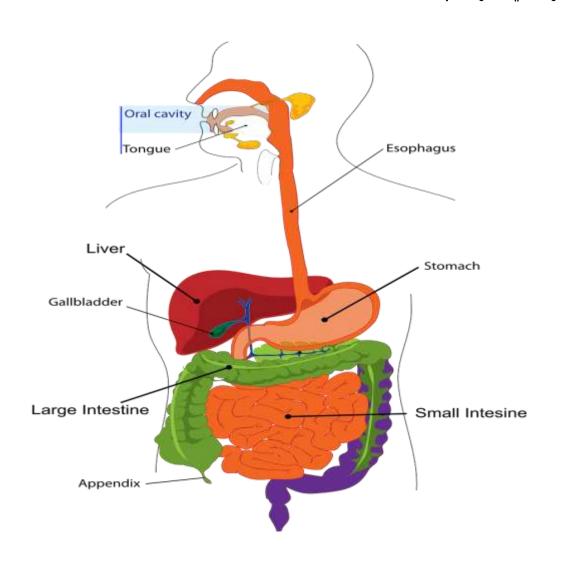
Science lesson

The digestive system

الجماز المضمي

The digestive system: Digests what we eat and drink.

الجهاز الهضمي: يهضم ما نأكلة ونشربه.





* Stages of food digestion.

1- we put food in our mouth.

١- نحن نضع الطعام في فمنا.

2- We chew food with our teeth.

٢- نحن نمضغ الطعام بأسناننا.

- 3- Food goes down the esophagus.
- 4- The food arrives in the stomach.
- 5- In the stomach the food mixes with the gastric juice.
- ٥- في المعدة يختلط الطعام بالعصارة المعدية.
- 6- This liquid changes the food into energy and nutrients.
- ٦- هذا السائل يحول الطعام الي طاقة ومواد غذائية.
- 7- Food moves from the stomach to the small intestine.
- ٧- ينتقل الطعام من المعدة الي الامعاء الدقيقة.
- 8- The Food moves from the small intestine to the large intestine.
- ٨- ينتقل الطعام من الامعاء الدقيقة الي الامعاء الغليظة.
- 9- The large intestine takes water and salt from food for the body and removes waste.

٩- تقوم الامعاء الغليظة بإمتصاص لماء والاملاح المفيدة للجسم من الطعام كما
 تتخلص من الفضلات.

The large intestine is around the small intestine.

الامعاء الغليظة تحيط بالامعاء الدقيقة.

مراحل مضم الطعام:

The esophagus goes from mouth to the stomach

المريء يأتي من الفم الي المعدة

٣- ينزل الطعام من المريء.

٤- يصل الطعام داخل المعدة.

We need the energy and nutrients in our body.

نحن نحتاج هذة الطاقة والمواد الغذائية لأجسادنا.

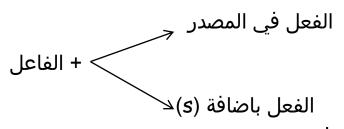
Grammar

The present simple tense

زعن المضارئ البسيط

الاستخدام: يستخدم للتعبير عن – عادات - تكرار - حقائق

<u>التكوين:</u>



play We eat You drink They have اسم مفر د ا اي فعل في المصدر اسم جمع

He She lt

plays eats drinks goes أي فعل في أخرة (s)

I play Football.

She likes rice.

يلا فكر وحل معايا

أنا ألعب كرة القدم.

هي تحب الارز.

هو يشرب الشاي.

نحن نأكل الموز.

أنت تلعب تنس.

أحمد لدية كتاب وقلم.

Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- I (drink drinks drinking) water in the morning.
- 2- He (eat eats eating) mangoes.
- 3- They (have has had) lunch in the afternoon.
- 4- (I We Ahmed) plays cards.



Homework

1 –	Listen	and	comp	lete:
-----	--------	-----	------	-------

- 1- we chew food with our

- 4- I drink every day.

2- Choose the correct answer:

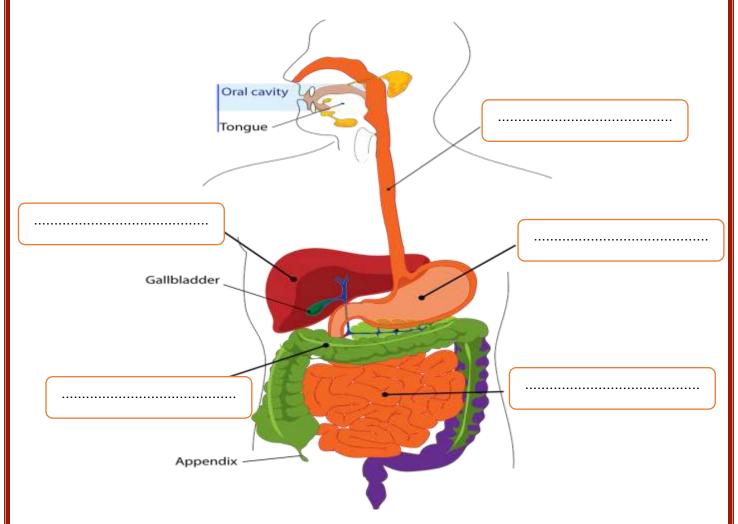
- 1- The system digests what we eat and drink.
 - (digestive respiratory solar)
- - (mouth small intestine large intestine)
- - (water salt waste)
- 4- I watermelon.
 - (like likes eats)
- 5- Mona dinner in the evening.
 - (have has having)

3- Read and complete:

(large intestine - digest - esophagus - nutrients - liquid)

- 1- We use our digestive system to what we eat and drink.
- 3- The is around the small intestine.
- 4- The goes from the mouth to the stomach.

4- Look and write:



5- Punctuate the following sentence:

ahmed and mustafa live in egypt

.....

SUNSET MR. MOHAMED GAD 01092786381



Lesson 3

The Respiratory system

ine kespiratory system

Vocabulary

اجزاء الجماز التنفسي



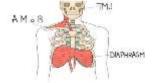


nose

أنف

lungs

الرئتان





diaphragm

الحجاب الحاجز

face

وجة





دم blood

heart

قلب

Other vocabulary

pump	يضخ	breathe	يتنفس
muscle	عضلة	under	تحت
place	مكان	inside	داخل
Oxygen	اکسجین	smoke	يدخن
Carbon dioxide	ثاني أكسيد الكربون	exercise	يتدرب
air	هواء	plants	نباتات
push	يدفع	healthy	صحي

Expressions

move from to	ينتقل من الي
take in	یدخل
give out	يخرج
pull into	يسحب للداخل

Mr. Mohamed Gad



يبقي بعيدا عن stay away from أكبر من

Science lesson

The respiratory system

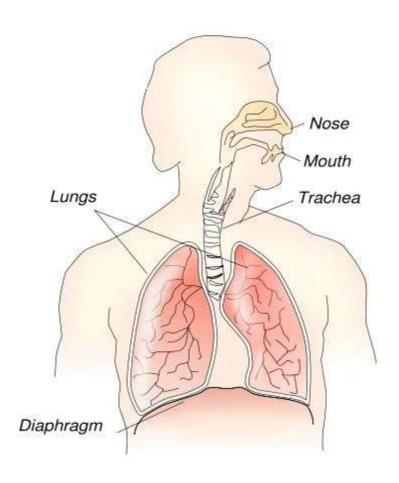
الجماز التنغسي

The respiratory system: We use it when we breathe.

الجهاز التنفسى: نستخدمة عنما نتنفس.

Breathe: to take in Oxygen and give out carbon dioxide.

تتنفس: أن تأخذ الاكسجين وتخرج ثاني أكسيد الكربون.





* Stages of breathe:

مراحل التنفس:

1- We breathe in air through our mouth and nose.

١- نتنفس الهواء عبر الفم او الانف.

2- Our diaphragm goes down and pulls air into our lungs.

Diaphragm: This is a muscle under the lungs. الحجاب الحاجز عضلة تحت الرئتين

٢- يهبط الحجاب الحاجز لأسفل ويسحب الهواء داخل الرئتين.

3- In the lungs, the Oxygen from the air goes into our blood.

٣- داخل الرئتين يتم دخول الاكسجين من الهواء الي الدم.

4- Our heart pumps this blood around our body.

٤- يضخ القلب هذا الدم الى أجزاء الجسم.

5- The diaphragm goes up and pushes air with carbon dioxide out of our lungs. Pump: to move quickly from one place to another.

يضخ: أن ينتقل بسرعة من مكان لأخر.

٥- يرتفع الحجاب الحاجز ويطرد الهواء المحمل بثاني اكسيد الكربون خاج الرئتين

The right lung is longer than the left lung. الرئة اليمني أطول من الرئة اليسري

* How can we have a healthy respiratory system?

كيف يمكننا ان نمتلك جهازنا تنفسيا صحياً؟

1- Stay away from smoke.

ابقي بعيدا عن الدخان.

2- Fxercise.

3- Put plants in your house.

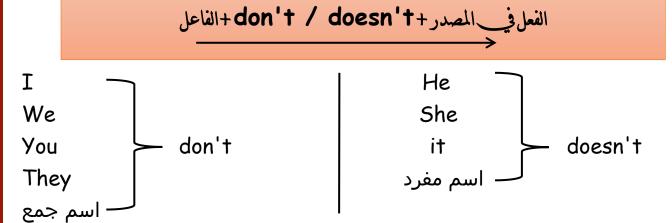
ضع نباتات في منزلك.

Grammar

The present simple

المضارئ البسيط

هناخد النهارة ازاي انفي المضارع البسيط (يعني عايز اقول ان الحاجة دي انا مش بعملها او مبحبهاش بشكل عام)



لاحظ: من الممكن أن ننفي ب never بدلا من †'don't و †'doesn وياتي الفعل في المصدر او باضافة 5 حسب الفاعل.

أنا لا أذهب الي المدرسة ابدا. I never go to school on Friday.هو لا يستمع الي الموسيقي ابدا.

1- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I (don't doesn't isn't) like rice.
- 2- They don't (take took takes) photos.
- 3- Mona and Salma (don't draw doesn't draw) pictures.
- 4- (I Ahmed They) doesn't play volleyball.

Homework

- 1- I have a in the center of the face.
- 2- My lungs helps me to

2- Read and match:

A

B

- 1- We use our respiratory system
- 2- diaphragm
- 3- Our heart
- 4- We breathe in air

- a. pumps blood throw our body
- b. when we breathe.
- c. through our mouth and nose.
- d. is a muscle under the lungs.

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- We breathe with our system.

(digestive - respiratory - solar)

(smoke - trees - your family)

3- is to take Oxygen and give out Carbon dioxide.

(taste - see - breathe)

4- I drink tea every day.

(don't - doesn't - isn't)

5- Noha doesn't to school on Fridays.

(goes - going - go)



<u>4-</u>	Put	(V)	beside	the	things	you	can	do	to	have	a	healthy	,
res	pirat	tory	system	١.		·						•	

طيع أن تفعلها لكي تمتلك جهاز تنفسي صحي:	ے تستد	ثنياء التي	ضع علامه 🗸) أمام الانا
1- Stay away from smoke.	()	
2- Don't put plants in your house.	()	
3- Drink plenty of water.	()	
4- Exercise.	()	
5- Smoke cigarettes.	()	
5- Look and write four (4) sentence	es:		
		L Diapt	Nose Mouth Trachea
6- Punctuate the following sentence	<u>e:</u>		
what s your favourite sport ab	nmed		



Lesson 4

The first aid

ine mist and

Vocabulary

الاسعافات الاولية



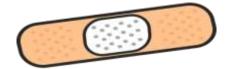


scrape

تجلط - خدش

gloves

قفازات



Band-Aid

لزقة طبية

nosebleed

نزيف في الانف



burn

حرق

arm

ذراع



back

ظهر

foot

قدم



sprain

إلتواء

soap

صابونة

Other Vocabulary

Friend	صديق	kind	عطوف
again	مرة أخري	sit down	يجلس
cold	برد	ice	ثلج
hand	ید	butter	ذبدة
park	حديقة	burgers	ساندوتش برجر
practice	يمارس	everyday	کل یوم

Mr. Mohamed Gad

1	oresent	past

do	يفعل	did
wash	يغسل	washed
want	یرید	wanted

Expressions

drink cola	يشرب كاكولا
play football	يلعب كرة القدم
eat candy	یأکل حلوي
play basketball	يلعب كرة السلة
once a week	مرة في الاسبوع
twice a week	مرتين في الاسبوع
fall over	يسقط

Reading

Your friend has a scrape.

صاحبك أصيب بتجلط

Your friend falls over and cuts his leg. Be a kind friend.

Ask him to sit down. Put on gloves. Wash the scrape with water and soap. Put on a Band-Aid. The next day, wash the scrape with soap and water again. Redo the Band-Aid.



صاحبك سقط علي الارض وجرح رجلة. كن صديقا عطوفا. أطلب منه أن يجلس. أرتدي القفازات. أغسل التجلط بالماء والصابون. ضع لزقة طبية علي الجرح. في اليوم التالي أغسل التجلط بالماء والصابون مرة أخري. اعد وضع اللزقة الطبية.



How do you behave when:

عندما When	أفعل Do	لا تفعل †'Don'	
1- Your friend has a burn on his hand.	Hold the hand under cold water.	Put butter on the burn.	
2- Your cousin can't breathe. She is coughing.	Hit her on the back.	Hit her on the arm.	
3- Your brother sprained his foot.	press a cold bag of ice on his foot.	Ask him to jumb.	

Sprain: To twist one of the body joints.

الالتواء: أنثناء أحد مفاصل الجسم.

 re + ملحوظة: لو عايز اقول يعيد فعل شيئ هحط
 re + الفعل ا

Grammar

و but & and اكن

and	but
تستخدم للاضافة	تستخدم للتناقض
بعمل شيء و بعمل كمان شئء	بعمل شيء لكن لا اعمل شيء اخر
بحب شيء و شيء	عايز اعمل شيء لكن مش هعرف اعمله
	بحب أعمل شيء لكن هعمل شيء تاني



احیات نسبق ب در	سبق ب ۲۰۱۱۱۱۱۵ (۱۳۵۱)	
I eat vegetables and I exercise.	I want to play football but I hurt	
	my leg.	
	<u>ملحوظة:</u> الفعل like يأتي بعدة V+ing	
I like playing football.	أنا أحب أن ألعب كرة القدم.	
I don't like playing basketball.	أنا لا أحب لعب كرة السلة.	
	بلا نترجم الجمل دي مع بعض:	
احدة في الاسبوع.	أنا احب لعب كرة القدم لكن أنا ألعبها مرة و	
	أنا ألعب أأكل الحللوي أشرب الكاكولا.	
ِب ماء.	هو يحب شرب الكاكولا لكن هو يريد أن يشر	
* Put (and - but):		
1- I love burgers, I only e	at one a week.	
2- I play basketball I play football in the park.		
3- I don't eat candy, I eat it with my sister.		

4- I practice basketball twice a week, I walk home from

5- I want to play with my brother, I'm sick.

6- I like drawing pictures taking photos.

school every day.



Homework

	<u>1 - </u>	<u>Listen</u>	and	comp	<u>lete:</u>
--	-------------	---------------	-----	------	--------------

1-	Holo	the 1	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	under	cold	water.
2-	Put	a		on th	ne cut.		

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- I wash my hand with water and

3- The next day, the Band-Aid.

4- I eat vegetables I exercise.

```
(but - when - and)
```

5- I don't like tennis, I play it with my friend.

3- Read and put (V) or (X):

Yesterday, My friend fell over and cut his leg. I asked him to sit down. I Put on gloves. I Washed the scrape with water and soap. I Put on a Band-Aid. Today, I washed the scrape with soap and water again. I Redid the Band-Aid.

1- MY friend cut his arm.

- 2- I washed the scrape with water and soap. (
- 3- I redid the Band-Aid.
- 4- I put on watch. ()
- 5- I asked my friend to stand up. ()

4- Circle the odd word:

- 1- back arm foot soap
- 2- do cold wash want
- 3- football basketball cola tennis
- 4- friend scrape burn sprain

5- look and write four (4) sentences:

•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••		•••••	••••••
•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••
•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	••••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••



6- Punctuate the following sentence:

he doesn t like football but he likes basketball

Sunset

In English

01092786381



Lesson 5

Flapjacks

Hapjacks

Vocabulary

Vowels





bag

حقيبة

cake

کیکة



mom

أم

nose

أنف







mix

يدمج

rice

أرز



flapjack

فطيرة

tea

شاي



honey

عسل

cookies

کعکات

Other vocabulary

friend	صديق	Egyptian	مصري
British	بريطاني	parents	الوالدين
sad	حزين	goodbye	مع السلامة
apartment	شقة	excited	مسرور – متحمس
worried	قلق	family	عائلة
plate	طبق	oats	الشوفان
happy	سعيد	next	التالي
divide	يقسم	prime number	العدد الاولي

Mr. Mohamed Gad

past

Verbs

		-
say	يقول	said
make	يصنع	made
visit	يزور	visited

present

Expressions

go to	يذهب الي
a bit worried	قلق الي حد ما
arrive at	يصل الي
Would you like	هل تود
look at	ينظر الي
try a little	جرب القليل منها
What a great idea	يالها من فكرة جيدة

Reading

Talia learns to love flapjacks

Talia and Suzanne are good friends. Talia is Egyptian and Suzanne is British. Their parents are friends too. They talk together a lot. They are sad when they say goodbye.

One day, Talia goes to Suzanne's apartment. Talia is excited, but she is a bit worried. What I British food? Will she like it?



Talia and her mom arrive at Suzanne's family's apartment. Suzanne says, "Please have some tea ,Talia. Would you like a flapjack? My mom and I made them."



Suzanne had a plate in her hands. On the plate there are big, square cookies. Talia looks at the flapjacks.

"Suzanne, I'm very happy you made them for me, but what is a flapjack?" She asks.

Suzanne says "they are cookies. I make them with oats, butter, and honey. Try a little."



Talia's mom smiles too. Talia tries a flapjack. It's delicious! "I love it!" She says. "How do you make them?"

Suzanne says, "It's very easy. Next time you visit we can make them together!"

Talia says, "What a great idea!"

* Answer True () or false (X):

1- Suzanne goes to Talia's family's apartment.	()
2- Suzanne is from Egypt.	()
3- Talia hates flapjacks.	()
4- Talia wants to make flapjacks.	()
5- You need apples to make flapjacks.	()

Phonics lesson

عايزين نعرف الفرق بين short vowels و long vowels

(a - e - i - o - u) يعني حرف متحرك والحروف المتحركة هي vowel (u o i قالت e ضربت عشان تحفظهم

consonant يعني حرف ساكن والحروف الساكنة هي باقي حروف اللغة الانجليزية.

shor	t vowels	long	vowels
صير	مقطع ق	ىيل (مد)	مقطع طو
حرفین ساکنین	حرف متحرك بين ٠	بة بها حرف متحرك	حرف e في نهايه كلم
bag	short a	cake	long a
mom	short o	nose	long o
mi×	short i	rice	long i

Math lessons

Comparing numbers

مقاسرنة الأسرقام

المفروض ان إحنا عايزين نرتب الأرقام ترتيب تصاعدي:

1- Count the number of digits in each number. The number of the least number of digits is the smallest. Write it first.

نبدأ بعد أعداد الأرقام لكل رقم. الرقم الذي به اقل عدد من الأرقام هو أصغر رقم. وبكدا نكتب الرقم دا أول واحد.

215, 13, 50140, 3127

13 < 215 < 3127 < 50140

2- For the numbers having the same number of digits, start with comparing the numbers from the leftmost digits. Write the number of the smallest digits.

وبالنسبة للأرقام التي تمتلك نفس العدد من الأرقام. أبدأ بالمقارنة بين أقصي رقم علي اليسار. أكتب الرقم صاحب أصغر عدد أولا.

3179, 4182, 1523, 2631

1523 < 2631 < 3179 < 4182

3- If the leftmost digits are the same, move to the digits to the right and compare them. write the number with the smallest digit.



إذا وجدت أقصي ارقام علي اليسار متشابهة انتقل للارقام التي علي يمينها وأبدأ المقارنة بينهم. أكتب الرقم صاحب أصغر عدد.

3124, 3782, 3543, 3747

3124 < 3543 < 3747 < 3782

Homework

1 - Listen and circle short vowels:

1- cat - cake

2-mom - nose

3-rice - mix

3-sit - site

2- Choose the correct answer:

(Egyptian - British - American)

(park - school - apartment)

(fish - flapjacks - rice)

(itself and 2 - itself and 1 - 2 and 1)

5- The word "cake" has a

(long a - short a - long e)

6- When we leave, We say

(Hello - Good morning - Good bye)

3- Circle the odd word:

1- sad - excited - happy - Egypt

- 2- flapjacks friends cookies oats
- 3- happy say make visit
- 4- bag mom nose mix
- 5- Sunday March Monday Friday

4	-rearrage	the	following	numbers	from	the	smallest	to	the	large	est:

5- Fill in the gaps using the words in the box:

(apartment - Egyptians - Cookies - friends)

6- Look and write four (4) sentences:

•••	••	• • •	• •	••	••	• •	••	••	• •	••	•	••	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	•	••	• •	•	• •	••	•	• •	••	•	••	•	•	• •	••	•	• •	••	•	••	• •	• •	• •	••
•••	••	• • •	• •	••	••	• •	••	••	• •	••	•	••	•	•	•	••	• •	•	••	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	•	• •	• •	•	••	•	•	• •	••	•	•	••	•	••	• •	• •	• •	••
																															_	_											
•••	•••	• • •	•	•••	•••	•••	••	••	••	•	•	••	•	•	•	•	•	•	••	•	•	• •	•	•	••	•	•••	•	•	•••	•	•	•	••	•	•	•••	•	•••	•	•	•	••



6- Copy the following sentence:

What a great idea!



Test on Unit 1

|--|

- 1- I some special food for us.
- 2- We put food in our

- 5- Farmers grow in Egypt.

2- Choose the odd word:

- 1- onions grow grapes mangoes
- 2- mouth tooth salt foot
- 3- air heart lungs nose
- 4- do wash eat ice
- 5- two three Sunday ten

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- I eat some with my friend.

(cookies - tea - water)

2- You can put a on the cut.

(gloves - butter - Band-Aid)

3- Fatma loves ice cream chocolate.

(and - but - what)

4- we use it when we breathe.

(Digestive system - Respiratory system - Solar system)

5- Waleed speaks English, He can't speak Chinese.

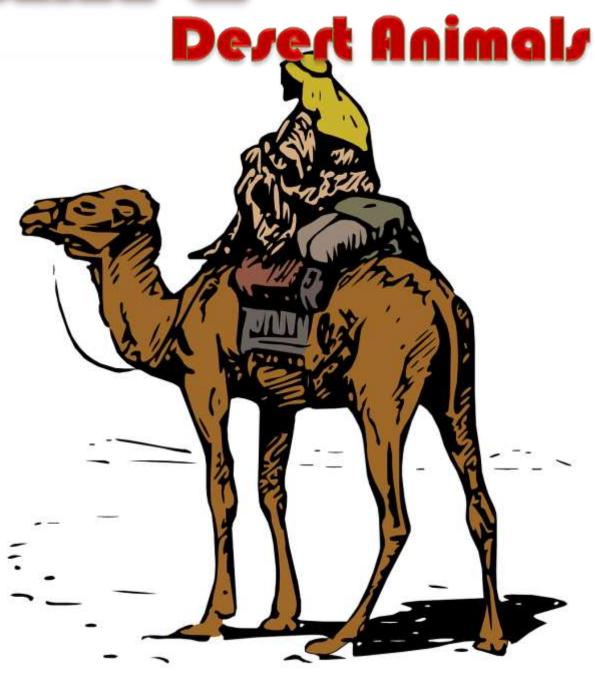


					L
S		п	C	0	т
7	ш	ш	7	6	L

(and - but - so)	
6 removes waste.	
(Large intestine - small intestine - stomach)	
4- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):	
Food from Damietta governorate	
The land in Damietta governorate is full of nutrients. The farmers can grow ice, tomatoes, wheat, lemons, grapes, and guavas.	
Fishermen catch thousands of fish in the sea. Cows, goats, and she live in Damietta governorate too. Domiati cheese is very famous.	гþ
About one and half million people live in this part of Egypt. Life is good in Damietta.	
1- Damietta is famous for Domiate cheese. ()
2- The animals you see in Damietta are goats, cows and sheep.()
3- The farmers grow oranges and apples. ()
4- About two million people live in Damietta.	
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:	
6- Punctuate the following sentence:	
what is your favourite food maha	



UNIT 2



Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



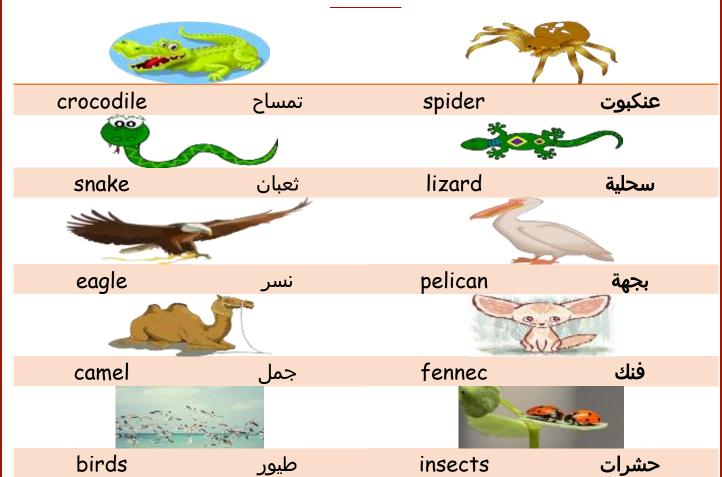
Lesson 1

Animals in Egypt

Ammais m

Vocabulary

Animals



Other vocabulary

fur	2 0	feather	۸.
Tur	ورو	reurner	ریش
wing	جناح	beak	منقار
animals	حيوانات	huge	کبیر – ضخم
scary	مخيف	helpful	متعاون
important	مهم	dangerous	خطير
control	يتحكم	job	وظيفة
small	صغير	fish	سمك
cute	لطيف	ugly	قبيح



Verbs

present	past
---------	------

look	ينظر	looked
do	يفعل	did
eat	يـأكل	ate

Expressions

look at	ينظر إلي
what about?	ماذا عن؟
Yes, that's true.	نعم هذا صحيح
You are right.	أنت علي صواب
Which animals?	أي الحيوانات؟

Reading

Mom: Look at all these animals that live in our country.

Sara: Look at the crocodile, it's huge!

Tarek: Huge and scary!

Sara: I think the spider is scarier.

Mom: Yeah, but spiders are very

helpful. They eat insects. Farmers like spiders.

Sara : Ok, What about the snake and the crocodile? They are dangerous, aren't they?

Mom: Yes that's true, but they do a very important job. They eat insects, birds and lizards. This controls the number of these small animals.

Tarek: Eagles do the same Job.

Sara: The pelican eats small fish.

Mom: You're right! We sometimes think some animals are scary or ugly, but they are all important.



notes

		\$	
واحدة من الاتنين دول:	" I Ä .		
01<10 \ \(\delta\) \(\	4169 3./	, אוריי אוא אופי כ	عشات توما . اح
בו שבט של ולישול לכטו		, 	حسال تحول ت

- Yes, That's True. نعم هذا صحيح.
- أنت علي صواب. - You are right!
- عشان تسأل حد عن رأية في حاجة معينة هتقولة ?.. الحاجة + What a bout

بمعني ماذا عن؟

What about the eagle? ماذا عن النسر؟

ماذا عن الثعبان؟

3 يلا نتعلم نكتب اربع جمل عن أي حيوان:

1

- 1- This is a/an + الحيوان
- 2- It's huge کبیر small صغیر
- لطيف cute / متعاون helpful مخيف / cute
- عشب grass / سمك fish / لحم grass /

* Look and write (4) sentences:





Homework

1- Listen and complete:

2- The are very helpful.

3- Does tarek likes?

4- Yes, that's

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- is an eagle.

(These - Those - This)

2- Look at all animals.

(This - that - these)

3- What the snake?

(from - about - old)

(helpful - scary - cute)

5- The pelican eats small

(grass - cakes - fish)

3- Choose the odd word:

1- lizard - fennec - beak - camel

2- look - do - eat - animal

3- wing - small - hug - big

4- Which - What - play - How

5- Ahmed - dog - Ali - Tamer

4- Read and answer:

There are a lot of animals in our country. The crocodile is huge and scary. The spiders are very helpful. They eat insects. Farmers like spiders. The snakes, crocodiles and eagles are dangerous. They eat insects, birds and lizards. The pelican eats small fish. All animals are important.

a. Answer the following questions:			
1- What do snakes eat?			
2- Why do farmers like spiders?			
3- What does pelican eat?			
b. Put True (✓) or false(X):	•	••••••	
1- There are a lot of animals in our country.	()	
2- The spiders eat fish.	()	
3- The crocodiles eat lizards.	()	
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:			
)
6- Punctuate the following sentence:			
tarek and sara are from Egypt			
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••



Lesson 2

Fennec and Eagle

rennec and Lagic

Vocabulary

Main vocabulary





desert

صحراء

fox

ثعلب



فئران

rabbit

أرنب



Africa

mice

أفريقيا

Europe

أروبا



male

ذکر

female

أنثى

Other vocabulary

Centimeter	سنتيمتر	Kilometer	كىلومىتر
about	عن	big	کبیر
really	حقا	hot	حار
lose	يخسر	heat	ساخن
cold	بارد	fur	فرو
warm	دافئ	year	سنه
beautiful	جميل	winter	شتاء
area	منطقة	mammals	الثديات

Questions Words

What.....?
How tall.....?

ما / ماذا.....؟

ما طول.....؟

Mr. Mohamed Gad



nast

How long?	ما طول؟
How heavy?	ما وزن؟
Ve	rbs

Pi O	30111	pasi
live	يعيش	lived
travel	يسافر	traveled
open	يفتح	opened
need	يحتاج	needed

nresent

Reading

fennec fox ثعلب الفند



The fennec fox lives in the desert. It's smaller than other foxes. It's ear are big. really big! The fennec fox needs big ears to hear insects and small animals.

During the day it's hot in the desert. The fox loses heat from it's ears. At night it's cold. The fox's thick fur keeps it warm.

يعيش ثعلب الفند في الصحراء. انه أصغر من الثعالب الاخري. أذنة كبيرة. كبيرة بالفعل. يحتاج ثعلب الفند أذنة الكبيرة لكي يسمع الحشرات والحيوانات الصغيرة. يكون الجو حار في النهار في الصحراء. يفقد ثعلب الفند الحرارة من اذنيه. يكون الجو برد بليل. الفرو السميك للثعلب يبقيه دافئا.



نسر السهوب Steppe Eagle

How long does it live? ما طول المدة التي يعيشها؟	Aroud 40 years حوالي ٤٠ سنة
How heavy is it?	Around 3 kilograms
ما وزنه؟	حوالي ۳ کيلو جرام.
How long is it?	Around 170 centimeters
ما طوله؟	حوالي ۱۷۰ سنتيميتر



Look at the eagle flying. It's beautiful, isn't it? The steppe eagle travels from Europe to Africa in winter. It lives in very big, open areas.

It eats other birds, small mammals and rabbits. When it open its wings, it's longer than you! The female is bigger and heavier than the male.

أنظر الي النسر وهو يطير. أنه جميل، أليس كذلك؟ يسافر نسر السهوب من أروبا إلي أفريقيا في فصل الشتاء. أنه يعيش في مناطق كبيرة واسعة.

إنه يأكل الطيور الاخري والثديات الصغيرة والارانب. عند يفتح أجنحتة، يكون أطول منك. النساء أطول أثقل من الذكور.

Grammar

الصفة Adjective

الصفة: تصف الاسم وتأتي قبلة.

a beautiful girl بنت جميلة

a big animal حیوان کبیر

a small mouse. فأر صغير

لاحظ: الصفة اتى بعد am - is - are

I'm tall. أنا طويل.

هی جمیلة. She is beautiful.

Homework

1 - Listen and circle short vowels:

1- make - sad

2-box-door

3- site - sit

4- hen - meat

2- Choose the odd word:

1- mice - rabbits - foxes - big.

2- travel - Africa - America - Europe

3- How tall - year - How long - How heavy

4- live - open - beautiful - need

5- fennec - eagle - boy - rabbit

3- Choose the correct answer:

4- How is it? - about 1 kilogram. (heavy - tall - long)

5- Ahmed is a (tall boy - boy tall - tall)

6- The eagle is(beautifully - more beautiful - beautiful)



4- Look and answer:



How tall is it?

What does it eat?



How long is it?

How heavy is it?

<u>5-</u>	Look	and	write	four	<u>(4)</u>	sentences:

. 																
••••	• • • •	••••	• • • • •	••••	• • • • •	••••	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	•••••	••••	••••	••••		• • • •
• • • • •	• • • •	••••	• • • • •	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •	· • • • • •	• • • •

6- Punctuate the following sentences:

Where does Mona live

Sunset

Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



Lesson 3

Camels

ameis

Vocabulary

Main vocabulary





حصان horse جمل



amazing رائع intelligent



جمیل beautiful مثالی perfect



مسطح flat مسطح

Other Vocabulary

things	أشياء	strong	قوي
carry	يحمل	understand	يفهم
people	ناس	large	کبیر
socks	شراب – جورب	close	يغلق
angry	غاضب	noisy	مزعج - صاخب
milk	لبن	sand	رمل

Question words

Why?	لماذا؟
How fast?	ما سرعة؟
How strong?	ما قوة؟



Adjectives

tall	طویل	slow	بطئ
fast	سريع	long	طویل
big	کبیر	thin	نحيف

Reading

الجمل Camel

How tall is it?	180 cm
How heavy is it?	600 - 1000 kg
How fast is it?	40 Kph
How strong is it?	170 - 200 kg
How long does it live?	40 years



Camels are amazing! They're beautiful, strong animals. They help us to carry things and people across the desert. Their milk is delicious. We can use their fur to make socks!

They are very intelligent and can understand lot's of words.

Camels are perfect for the desert. Here's why:

- 1- They have large, flat feet so they can walk on the sand.
- 2- Healthy camels don't need to drink often.
- 3- They have special ways to close their noses and eyes to stop the sand from coming in.

But be carful! Camels are very noisy and they can get angry.

Grammar

Comparative adjectives

صفات المقارنة

صفة المقارنة: هي صفة تستخدم للمقارنة بين اثنين (حيوانين – شخصين – منزلين ..)

er + than + الصفة

التكوين:

ىفة	يفة المقارنة		صفة ال
tall	طویل	taller than	أطول من
fast	سريع	faster than	أسرع من
big	کبیر	bigger than	أضخم من
slow	بطئ	slower than	أبطئ من
thin	نحيف	thinner than	أنحف من

تكوين الجملة: ركز عشان هتحل جمل كاملة دلوقت

شيء (١) + er + than + (٢) شيئ (١)

Ahmed is taller than Ali.	أحمد أطول من علي
The elephant is bigger than the camel.	الفيل أضخم من الجمل
	الثعبان ارفع من ثعلب الفنك.
	العنكبوت أصغر من السحلية.
	الحصان أسرع من الجمل.
	الجمل أطول من الحصان.
Choose the correct answer:	

- 1- The elephant is than the hippo. (big - bigger - biggest)
- 2- The giraffe is taller the horse. (than - then - that)
- 3- The spider is the snake. (scarier - scary - scarier than)

Homework

1	-	Listen	and	comp	lete:

1- The is strong.

2- How is it? - 180 cm.

3- The camel has a feet.

4- Ahmed is than me. (fast)

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- How is it? - It's 40 kph.

(tall-heavy-fast)

2- The fennec is than the camel.

(small - smaller - smaller than)

3- Healthy camels don't need to drink

(water - milk - juice)

(hands - feet - eyes)

5- Parrots are noisier spiders.

(than - then - that)

3- Look and answer:



1- How tall is it?

2- How fast is it?

3- How strong is it?

4- Read and put True (1) or false (X):

T- Redu and put True (V) or talse (X).				
	camel	horse		
How tall is it?	180 cm	157 - 173 cm		
How heavy is it?	600 - 1000 kg	380 - 550 kg		
How fast is it?	40 Kph	44 Kph		
How strong is it?	170 - 200 kg	around 80 kg		
How long does it live?	40 years	25 years		
1- Horses are slower tha	n camels. ()		
2- Camels are taller than	n horses.	()		
3- Horses are heavier than camels. ()				
4- Horses are stronger t	han camels.	()		
5- Camels live longer tha	n horses.	()		
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:				
		No.		

6- Punctuate the following sentence:

camels are amazing		



Lesson 4

Pelican and bear

renean and bear

Vocabulary

Main vocabulary





pelican

بجع

bear

دب



pea

بسلة

bird

طائر



pin

دبوس

beak

منقار



pear

كمثري

bee

نحلة

Other vocabulary

river	نهر	hungry	جائع
juicy	ملئ بالعصارة	reach	يصل
lift	يرفع	paw	قدم حيوان – كف اليد
claws	مخالب	surprise	مفاجاة
because	لأن	lick	يلعق (يلحس)
whisper	يهمس	dinner	العشاء
tongue	لسان	hunt	يصطاد

Verbs

present

past

look see

ينظر

looked

يري

saw



hear	يسمع	heard
shout	يصرخ	shouted
	Fynressions	_

Expressions

ready to take	يجهز لياخذ (شيء)
look scared	يبدوا مخيفا
I'm sorry	أنا أسف
Excuse me	معذرة

Reading

The pelican and the Bear

طائر البجع والدب

A pelican and a bear are in the river.

They are both looking at a big, juicy fish.

The bear reaches for the fish. It lifts its paw.

The pelican opens its beak. It is ready to take the fish out of the water. The bear sees the pelican. The pelican sees the bear.

"Excuse me," The pelican says, "That's my fish."

The bear is surprised and angry. "Pelican, Look at my claws. Now look at my teeth. That's my fish."

The pelican looked scared. "I'm sorry, Bear," it whispers.

The pear is bigger and stronger than the pelican. The bear licks its paw. The bear is happy because it has a big fish for dinner.

Then the bear looks down. Oh no! It can't see the fish. It can't see the pelican.

"Pelican, Where are you?" Bear shouts.

There is no pelican. But he can hear the happy pelican flying away.





Phonics lesson

عايزين نعرف الفرق بين صوت ال (b) و (p):

Ь		р	
/b/ تنطق ب بدون هواء		/p/ تنطق ب بإخراج هواء من الفم	
bird	طائر	pelican	بجع
bear	دب	pea	بسلة
beak	منقار	pin	دبوس
bee	نحلة	pear	کمثري

Math lesson

Divided by 100

القسمة علي ١٠٠

How much is the fish?







$$\frac{75}{100}$$
 = 0.75



$$\frac{50}{100}$$
 = 0.50



$$\frac{25}{100}$$
 = 0.25

وبنفس الطريقة تعال نقسم دول كمان علي ال ١٠٠

$$\frac{30}{100}$$
 =

$$\frac{90}{100}$$
 =

$$\frac{20}{100}$$
 =

$$\frac{55}{100}$$
 =

$$\frac{10}{100}$$
 =

Homework

1 - Listen and write (b) or (p):

1-ird

2-eak

3-in

4-eak

5-ear

6-ea

2- Choose the odd word:

1- bear - elephant - bee - orange

2- pea - pear - banana - bee

3- bird - football - animal - insect

4- Sunday - January - Thursday - Wednesday

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- The pelican and the bear eat

(fish - grass - insects)

2- The bear is than the pelican.

(bigger - small - big)

(wing - paw - beak)

4- Fish lives in the

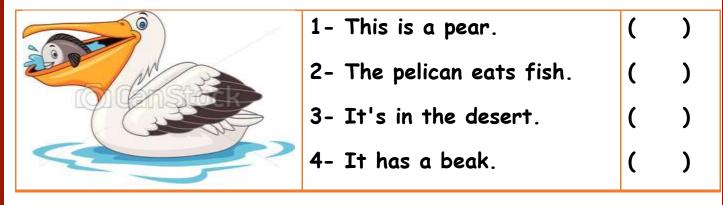
(desert - city - river)

5- I ate your apple. I'm

(excuse - sorry - tall)



4- Look and put True (1) or False (X):



5- Look and write four (4) sentences:	
	S. June
	My La
	2) 12
	~
6- Punctuate the following sentence:	
where s hany and hana	



Test on Unit 2

1- listen and complete:

- 2- The fennec lives in the desert.
- 3- How does it live?
- 4- Camels are for the desert.
- 5- A pelican and the are in the river.

2- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- wing bear mouse camel
- 2-taller shorter bigger small
- 3- eagle pear bee bird
- 4- fur wing feather pelican
- 5- snake lizard insect cute

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- Is the new hotel than the old one?

(nice - nicer - more nice)

2- The bear is bigger the pelican.

(the - then - than)

3- Horses like to drink water.

(sweet - fresh - salt)

4- A eats small fish.

(Pelican - Spider - Lizard)



5- The tennec tox is tan other tox	ces.		
(smaller - taller - bigger)			
6- The steppe travels from Europe	to At	^f rica in	winter.
(bear - cat - eagle)			
4- Read and put true (√) or false (x):			
Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the and they walk around looking for grass, leaves and They have big ears and long horns. They have yell which protect them from the sun. They have hoove These hooves help them walk on the sand. Like can need to drink a lot of water.	d plar ow- v ves or	nts to e vhite co n their	at. oats feet.
rhim gazelles غزال الريم hooves h	orns	قروز	
1- Rhim gazelles live in the Sahara Desert.	()	
2- They walk around looking for insects.	()	
3- They have yellow- white coats.	()	
4- Their hooves help them walk on the sand.	()	
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:			
6- Punctuate the following sentence:			
look at those animals that live in egypt			
	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••



UNIT 3

Why are plant



Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



Lesson 1

Plants and seeds

riants and seeds

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





leaf

ورقة شجر

soil

تربة



root

جذع

shoot

برعم



seeds

بذور

flower

وردة



germination

أنبات

water

ماء

Other Vocabulary

plant	نبات	what	ما / ماذا
tomato	طماطم	red	أحمر
green	أخضر	before	قبل
why	لماذا	How	کیف
new	جدید	under	تحت
inside	داخل	lunch	الغداء
become	يصبح	sunflower	عباد الشمس
rose	وردة	daisy	زهرة الربيع

Verbs

present

past

بهيي

يجد

found

01

Mr. Mohamed Gad



grow يزرع grew

Expressions

come and look	تعال وألقي نظرة
That is called	هذا يسمي
That's awesome	هذا رائع
let's have it	هيا نتناولة

Reading

Dad : Come and look!

Seleem: What is it, Dad?

Dad : Our tomato plants are growing on the balcony!

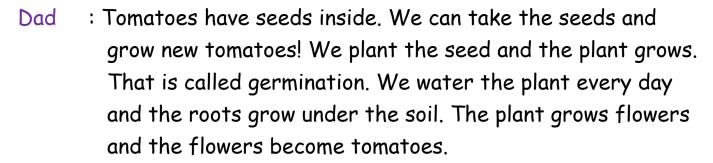
Look can you see the leaves and the flowers?

and the flowers?

Seleem: Oh yes, but why are the tomatoes green?

Dad : Tomatoes are green before they are red.

Seleem: How do we grow new tomatoes?



Seleem: That's awesome! And I found a red tomato! Let's have it for lunch!





notes

1 عشان تسأل عن شيء انت مش عارف ايه هو قول:

What's this?

ما هذا؟

لو شيء مفرد

What're these?

لو أياء جمع او شيء مكون من زوجين ما هؤلاء؟

2 للايجابة على الأسئلة السابقة هنقول:

لو شيء مفرد هقول اسم مفرد + It's a/an

أشياء جمع او شيء مكون من زوجين قول اسم جمع + They are



What's this?

What are these?

It's a tomato.

They are tomatoes.



What's this?



What are these?

يلا نكتب ٤ جمل عن أي فاكهة أو خضار:

اسم مفرد + It's a /an-او اسم جمع + They are-

اللون + It's-او -They are + اللون

-My father grows + الشئ

-I like / don't like + الشئ

.....



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

1- My father grow on the balcony.

2- Why are tomatoes?

4- We plant a to have a new plant.

2- Choose the correct answer:

1- Tomatoes are before they are red.

(green - blue - black)

(soil - sand - water)

3- We plant a seed and the plant grows. That's called

(shoot - respiratory - germination)

4- Let's it for lunch.

(has - have - having)

5- we use seeds for new tomatoes.

(growing - having - making)

6- I cut a from a tree. It's green.

(root - seed - leaf)

7- What these?

(am - is - are)

3- Read and complete:



(water - seeds - leaf - red - flowers)

•	•
1- Tomatoes have inside.	
2- We the plant every da	y to grow.
3- The became tomato fr	ruits.
4- Tomatoes are green before they a	re
5- It's a	
4- Look and answer:	
What's this?	What are these?
What are these?	What's this?
5- Look and write four (4) sentence	es:
6- Punctuate the following dialogue how do we grow new tomatoes	



Lesson 2

Plants in Egypt

FIGHTS III

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





Agricultural habitat البيئة الزراعية desert habitat

البيئة الصحراوية







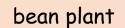






شجرة الطرفاء





نبات الفول

reed

بوص



acacia

نبات أقاقيا

orange tree

شجرة البرتقال

Other Vocabulary

work	يعمل	here	هنا
near	بالقرب من	a lot of	کثیر من
much	كثير	there is	يوجد
live	يعيش	need	يحتاج

Adjectives

big	کبیر	nice	لطيف
heavy	ثقیل	beautiful	جميل
tall	طویل	scary	مخيف



Reading

habitat البيئة	definition التعريف	plants النباتات	photo
1-Agricultural habitat البيئة الزراعية	Farmers work here. They grow food for us to eat.	- bean plant - orange tree	
2-desert habitat البيئة الصحراوية	There is not much rain here. Plants that live in the desert do not need a lot of water.	- tamarisk - acacia	
3-rivers and lakes الأنهار و البحيرات	Plants near rivers and lakes need a lot of water.	- lotus flower - reed	

Grammar

Superlative adjectives

صفات التفضيل

صفة التفضيل: تستخدم لتفضيل شيء علي مجموعة:

the + الصفة + est

التكوين:

الصفة		صفة التفضيل	
tall	طویل	the tallest	الأطول
big	کبیر	the biggest	الأضخم
nice	لطيف	the nicest	الألطف
heavy	ثقیل	the heaviest	الأثقل
scary	مخيف	the scariest	الأكثر إخافة

تكوين الجملة كاملة: (ركز عشان هتحل معايا)

النوع + est + الصفة est + الشئ

The elephant is the biggest animal.	الفيلم هو أضخم حيوان.
	البوص هو أطول نبات.
	مدينتي هي ألطف مكان.
	شنطتي أثقل شنطة.
	الثعبان هو أكثر حيوان مخيف.

ملحوظة: الصفة المنتهية بحرف سكن يسبقة حرف متحرك نضاعف الحرف السكن (الأخير) قبل وضع es+.

 $Big \longrightarrow biggest$

thin ----> thinnost

Choose:

1- Ahmed is the boy.

(tall-taller-tallest)

2- The ant is insect.

(the smallest - smallest - smaller)

3- the snake is the animal.

(thin - thinnest - thinner)

4- the horse is the one.

(the fastest - faster - fastest)

5- the elephant is fattest animal.

(then - than - the)



Homework

1	- Listen and complete:
	1- My grandpa grew tree.
	2- The plant is green.
	3- Farmers grow for us to eat.
	4- My cat is the on our street.
2	- Choose the correct answer:
	1- Farmers work in the lakes.
	(desert habitat - agricultural habitat - lakes)
	2- There is not much rain in the
	(desert habitat - agricultural habitat - rivers)
	3- Plants near need a lot of water.
	(desert habitat - agricultural habitat - lakes and rivers)
	4- The grow near rivers and lakes.
	(acacia - orange tree - lotus flower)
	5- We grow in the agricultural habitat.
	(bean plant - reed - tamarisk)
	6- A reed is the plant.
	(tall-taller-tallest)
	7- the elephant is animal.
	(the biggest - bigger than)

3- Read and put true (√)or false (X):

Desert habitat.

There is not much rain here. Plants that live in the desert don't need a lot of water. We can find tamarisk and acacia in the desert. We can find animals like camels and fennec fox.

1- There is much rain in the desert.	()
2- We can find tamarisc and acacia in the desert.	()
3- Plants that live in the desert need a lot of water.	()
4- The camels live in the desert.	()
4- Look and write four (4) sentences:		
		-46-
	-	m
	-1	4 1-1-1

5- Punctuate the following sentence:

where does ahmed live		



Lesson 3

Seeds

Seeds

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





ریاح

pollen لقاح wind



fur فرو float



clean ینظف tank



جذع root جذع

Other Vocabulary

place	مکان	seeds	بذور
light	ضوء	very	جدا
stick	يلصق	usually	عادة
dirty	قذر – متسخ	help	يساعد
homes	منازل	use	يستخدم
cook	يطبخ	many	كثير
top	قمة	wash	يغسل
nutrients	مواء غذائية	some	بعض

Verbs

present	past
---------	------

make	يصنع	made
can	يستطيع	could

move

يتحرك

moved

Expressions

travel away from	يغادر بعيدا عن
take the seeds with them	يأخذ البذور معه
float on water	يطفو علي الماء
dirty water	ماء عکر
clean water	ماء نظیف

Science lesson

How do seeds move to new places to grow?

- 1- A plant produces pollen in a flower.
- ينتج النبات لقاح في الزهرة.
- 2- It uses pollen to move new seeds.
- انه يستخدم اللقاح لكي يصنع بذور جديدة.
- 3- The seeds travel away from the plants.
- تغادر البذور بعيدا عن النبات
- 4- The seeds need a new place to grow.
- تحتاج البذور مكان جديد لتنمو.
 - a. Some seeds can move in the wind.
 - بعض البذور تنتقل في الرياح.
 - b. Some seeds can stick to an animal skin.
 - بعض البذور تلتصق بجلد الحيوانات.
 - c. Some seeds can float on water.
 - بعض البذور تطفو على الماء.

a. These seeds are very light.

b. The animals move and take seeds with them.

c. These seeds are usually big and light.









Reading

How can reeds clean water?

كيف ينظف البوص الماء.

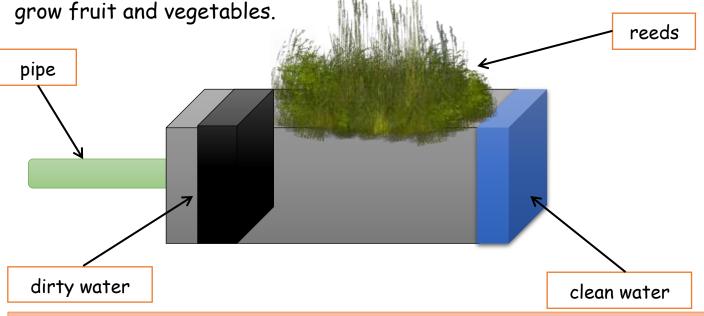
Plants can help us in many ways. For example, some plants can clean dirty water.

We use water in our homes for many things.

We cook with water, wash our hands, and take a shower. When dirty water leaves a house, it goes in a big pipe. In some places, the pipe takes the dirty water to a special tank.

At the top of the tank, there are reeds.

The roots of the reeds clean the water. The plant cells in the roots make nutrients for the plant. Farmers can use the clean water to



معلومة قديمة بطريقة جديدة:

الاسم المفرد يسبق ب a أو an

نضع an قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يسبق بصوت (أُ – إ – أُ)

نضع a قبل الاسم الذي يبدأ بأي صوت أخر.

an umbrella a book a pen an ant a unit - It's a book.

- It's an elephant



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

- 1- This is a beautiful
- 2- Some seeds can on water.
- 3- We breathe the
- 4- How can clean water?

2- Choose the odd word:

- 1- cook pollen make move
- 2- water juice tea flower
- 3- Friday Saturday January Wednesday
- 4- wash seed pollen root

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- A plant produces in a flower.

(trees - air - pollen)

2- Some seeds can stick in animal's

(eye - fur - ear)

(light - heavy - big)

4- I ate egg for breakfast.

(a - an - than)

5- Salma bought book yesterday.

(a-an-these)



4- Look and answer:



What's this?



What's this?



What are these?



What are these?

5- Read and answer:

Reeds are plants that grow near the river and help us make a clean environment. We can use reeds to clean the dirty water that we use in our houses for cooking, washing hands or taking a shower. They are very helpful.

- A) Choose the correct answer:
- 1- Reeds help us make a (dirty unhealthy clean) environment.
- 2- The word "They" refers to (people water reeds).
- B) Answer the following questions:
 - 1- Where do reeds grow?

.....

2- What do reeds do for us?

.....

6- Punctuate the following sentence:

how can reeds clean water

Mr. Mohamed Gad



Lesson 4

The plant cell rne piant cen

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





plant cell

الخلية النباتية

البلاستيدات الخضراء Chloroplasts





Oxygen

أوكسجين

ثاني أكسيد الكربون carbon dioxide



microscope

میکر وسکوب

polluted

ملوث

Other Vocabulary

DNA information	معلومات وراثية	important	مهم
part	جزء	outside	خارج
sunlight	ضوء الشمس	air	هواء
breathe	يتنفس	city	مدينة
because	لأن	factory	مصنع
car	سيارة	house	منزل
park	حديقة - منتزة	apartment	شقة
cool	رائع	people	ناس

Verbs

past	sent	pres
cleaned	ينظف	clean
needed	يحتاج	need
used	يستخدم	use



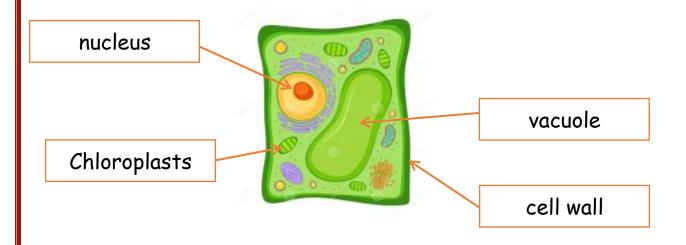
Science lesson

The plant cell

الخلية النباتية

- A plant is made of millions of cells.
- يتكون النبات من ملايين الخلايا.
- The plant cells are very, very small.
- الخلايا النباتية صغيرة جدا جدا.
- Chloroplasts make the plant green. البلاستيدات الخضراء تجعل النبات اخضر.
- You can only see them with a microscope.
 - تستطيع أن تراهم فقط من خلال الميكروسكوب.
- The green plant cells make food for the plant. They use sunlight, carbon dioxide and water.

الخلايا النباتية الخضراء تصنع الغذاء للنبات فهي تستخدم ضوء الشمس وثاني أكسيد الكربون والماء.



Reading

How plants clean air?

كيف تنقى النباتات الهواء.

People need oxygen so we can breathe. In our cities, the air is <u>polluted</u> because of factories and cars. There is a lot of carbon dioxide in the air.

Polluted: dirty from factories and cars.



Plants take carbon dioxide from the air. The plant cells need <u>carbon dioxide</u> to make nutrients for the plant. The plants also make oxygen. Plants in our houses and parks give us <u>oxygen</u> to breathe.

and parks give us <u>oxygen</u> to breathe.

In some cities, like Paris and Milan,
people are growing plants on apartment
buildings. These plants keep the buildings
cool and help with air pollution. The people

who live in the buildings can breathe cleaner air.

Carbone dioxide: a gas in the air that plants use to make their food.

Oxygen: a gas in the air that people need to breathe.

Let's remember

إزاي اجمع الاسم؟

الاسم يجمع بإضافة (s) غالبا:

a boy ولد boys

a book کتب box کتب
 ایسبقة حرف ساکن أحذف ال (y) وحط ies لاحظ: لو الکلمة أنتهت ب

city مدن cities

ر factury مصنع factories

لاحظ: هناك بعض الكلمات جمعها زي مفردها

خرفان sheep خروف

سمك fish سمكة

لاحظ: الكلمة المنهية ب f او fe تقلب الي ves عند الجمع

wife زوجات wives

أوراق الشجر leaves ورقة شجر



Homework

1- We need a to see plant cells.
(pollen - chloroplasts - microscope)
2- People need to breathe.
(Oxygen - seeds - carbon dioxide)
3- The air in big cities is because of factories and cars.
(fresh - polluted - good - clean)
4 is a gas in the air that green plants use to make food.
(cell - carbon dioxide - oxygen)
5- There are three in our city.
(factory - factories - a factory)

2- Read and match:

1- Oxygen	a. is a gas that plants need to make food.	
2- Carbon dioxide	b. is a gas that people need to breathe.	
3- polluted	c. make the plant green.	
4- Chloroplasts	d. millions of cells.	
	e. means something is dirty from cars and	
	factories.	

3- Look and write four (4) sentences:

••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •





Lesson 4

The plant cell

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary



swan

بجعة

slippers

شبشب

شريحة

مفتاح کهرباء switch

sleep

ينام



sweet

حلوي

sweep

یکنس

100

مائة

thousand

ألف

1000,000

1000,000,000

1000

million

hundred

مليون

billion

بليون

Other Vocabulary

dry	جاف	farm	مزرعة
forty	أربعين	year	سنة
ago	منذ	land	الأرض
no one	لا أحد	there	هناك
noise	ضوضاء	difficult	صعب
life	الحياة	rainwater	مياه الامطار
liter	لتر	proud	فخور
good	جيد	diagram	رسم بیاني



Verbs

١	oresent	past

want	يريد	wanted
live	يعيش	lived
plant	يزرع	planted
sell	يبيع	sold
work	يعمل	worked
decide	يقرر	decided

Reading

Lucas and his farm

Lucas lives on a farm in the United States. It is a very special farm. Forty years ago, the land was very dry. There was no farm. No one wanted to live there.

Lucas's grandparents lived in the city, but they didn't like it. They didn't like the polluted air and the noise. They wanted to have a farm. They decided to buy some land.

At first, life was very difficult. They worked very hard and they planted millions of seeds. They used rainwater to water the seeds. They needed about a billion liters of water a year. They used plants to clean the water.

They grew many fruits like oranges and lemons. They brought animals to the land. They planted trees and flowers. They sold their fruit and animals.

Today, Lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad. They are very happy and they have a good life. They are very proud of Lucas's grandparents. They used plants to make the land green.



* Answer the following questions:

1- Why did Lucas's grandparents plant seeds?
2- How did Lucas's grandparents change the land?
3- Why do you think Lucas likes the farm?

Math lesson

Let's read 1 by adding Extra 0

يلا نقرأ الرقم واحد بإضافة صفر زيادة كل مرة هنزود صفر ونقرأ

number	English	عربي
1	one	واحد
10	ten	عشرة
100	a hundred	مائة
1000	a thousand	ألف
10,000	ten thousand	عشرة ألاف
100,000	a hundred thousand	مائة ألف
1000,000	a million	مليون
10,000,000	ten million	عشرة مليون
100,000,000	a hundred million	مائة مليون
1000,000,000	a billion	بليون

A billion is a thousand million.



Phonics lesson

الفرق بين صوت SL و كلا

sl	SW
حرف (L) ينطق مثل (ل)	حرف (w) ينطق مثل (و)
شريحة slice	یعوم swim
شبشب slipper	بجعة swan
ینام sleep	مفتاح کهرباء switch
بطئ slow	یکنس sweep
یصفع slap	حلوي sweet

Homework

1 - Listen and write (sl) or (sw):

1- _ _ im

2-__ itch

3-__eep

4- _ _ eet

5- _ _ an

6-__ice

2- Choose the odd word:

1- hundred - litter - thousand - million

2- want - live - work - forty

3- good - day - year - month

4- one - five - sell - ten

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- a is a thousand million.

(billion - hundred - ten billion)

(city - house - farm)

3- They use to water the sec	eds.
(sea - pipe - rainwater)	
4- There is polluted air and	in the city.
(good - sweet - noise)	
5- 600 + 400 =	
(a thousand - a million - a billion)	
6- I in the lake.	
(swan - swim - sweep)	
7- my mum the house in the m	norning.
(sleep - sweep - slice)	
- Fill in the gapes:	
(fruits - brought - million	s - rainbow)
At first, life was very difficult. and they planted of seeds. water the seeds. They planted lemons. They animals to the	They uses to
i- Look and write (4) sentences:	



Test on unit 3

1 - Listen and complete:

- 1- How do we new tomatoes.
- 2- The elephant is the animal.
- 3- A plant produces in a flower.
- 4- The plant cell make for the plant.
- 5- Lucas lives on the

2- Circle the odd words:

- 1- million billion water hundred
- 2- lotus flower reed orange juice desert
- 3-tall-heavy-bigger-light
- 4- roots die leaves flowers
- 5-slippers sweep sleep help

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- My city is place to live.

(nicer - nicest - the nicest)

1- A daisy is taller a lotus flower.

(then - than - there)

3- Some seeds by air.

(travel - walk - float)

4- A plant is made of millions of

(flowers - plants - cells)

5- Tomatoes are before they are red.

(yellow - green - orange)

6- make plants green.

(Cells - Roots - Chloroplasts)

4- Read and answer:

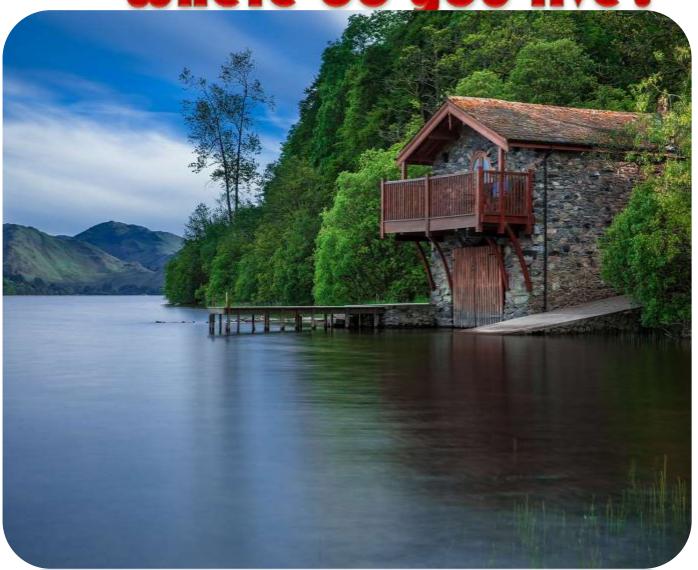
Papyrus is a very special plant that grows in the Nile Delta. It is famous because Ancient Egyptians used papyrus for paper. They also made sandals and baskets from papyrus. Today, There are not many papyrus plants near the Nile. Farmers like to grow fruits and vegetables. People do not use papyrus for paper now. Papyrus plants are still important in some places because they help to clean water.

are still important in	some places because they help to	clean water.
ورق البردي Papyrus	المصريون القدماء Ancient Egyptians	
A) Answer the fo	•	
1- Where does p	papyrus grow?	
2- What did And	cient Egyptians to use papyrus for	· ?
3- What does fo	armers like to grow now?	•
B) Put True (✓) o	or false (X)	
4- Ancient Egyp	tians use papyrus to make sandals.	. ()
5- People use pa	pyrus for paper now.	()
5- look and write fo	our sentences:	
		Con .
		ANTINIAN .
		A Transport
6- Punctuate the fo	ollowing:	
locus lives on o	a farm in america	



UNIT 4

Where do you live?



Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



Lesson 1

At home

At nome

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





kitchen

مطبخ

bedroom

غرفة النوم



bathroom

حمام

living room

غرفة المعيشة



dining room

غرفة الطعام

balcony

بالكونة



house

منزل

tent

خىمة



cave

کهف

apartment

شقة



houseboat

مرکب

street

شارع

Other Vocabulary

lovely	محبوب	new	جدید
fantastic	رائع	favourite	مفضل
room	غرفة	organize	ينظم
grandparents	الأجداد	rock	صخور
never	أبدا	aunt	عمة / خالة



hot	حار	cold	برد
people	ناس	cloth	قماش
inside	داخل	outside	خارج

Verbs

present	past
F	P

saw	يري	see
helped	يساعد	help
lived	يعيش	live
moved	يتحرك	move
loved	یحب	love

Expressions

It's fantastic	انها رائعة
That sounds good	هذا يبدوا جيد
for me	بالنسبة لي
let's do it	هيا نفعلها

Reading

Mom: Look at our lovely apartment!

Talia: It's fantastic!

Mom: Which is your favourite room?

Talia: For me it's my bedroom.

Mom: My favorite is the living room with the balcony. I can see the whole street! Talia, can you help me organize the kitchen?

Talia: That sounds good, Let's do it!





Reading

Where do we live?

- 1- Mm grandparents live in a cave. The rooms of their houses are in the rock. inside it's never too hot or too cold.
- 2- My aunt moved to a new apartment with her family. They are very happy because they have a big balcony.
- 3- My friend and her family live on a houseboat. It's small, but she loves living on water.
- 4- In the desert, some people live in a tent. this home is made of cloth.
- 5- I love living in a house because it's big. My grandparents live with us. I can play outside with my brother and sister.







notes

<u>لسؤال شخص عن غرفته المفضله:</u>

1

Which is your favourite room?

الغرفة المفضلة + It's -

وللرد:



- It's my bedroom.

إنها غرفة نومي

- It's the living room.

أنها غرفة المعيشة





Which is your favourite room?

Which is your favourite room?

<u>للتعبير عن الاثارة:</u>

2

- It's fantastic.

انه رائع

- That sounds good. هذا يبدو جيد

يلا نكتب ع جمل عن أي مبني:

3

- This is a + المبني
- It's my favourite building. انه المبني المفضل لدي.
- المبني + is + الصفة + s + المبني (small big beautiful amazing)
- It's in the + المكان (desert water city village)

* Look and write four (4) sentences:



Homework

<u>1 - </u>	<u>listen</u>	and	comp	<u>lete:</u>
			·	

- 1- That sounds

- 4- I can play in my

2- Circle the odd word:

- 1- live kitchen bathroom bedroom
- 2- father brother sister house
- 3- tent cave houseboat car
- 4- small big move happy
- 5- which where do what

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- There is a in the living room. I can see the whole street!

(bathroom - balcony - kitchen)

2- I sleep in the

(bedroom - living room - dining room)

3- My mum cooks food in the

(bedroom - kitchen - balcony)

4- The is made of cloth.

(house - tent - apartment)



2011221	موقع مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة		
5- There is a big balcony in the			
(cave - tent - apo	irtment)		
6- She lives in a	She lo	oves living on water.	
(house - housebo	at - cave)		
7 is you	r favorite room?	n? - It's my bedroom.	
(Which – What –	When)		
4- Look and answe	<u>r:</u>		
What's t	his?	Which is your favourite room?	
5- Look and write	four (4) sente	ences:	
6- Punctuate the following dialogue:			
can you help	mona organize	the room	



Lesson 2

Where is it?

Where is it:

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





school

مدرسة

supermarket

سوبر ماركت





shopping mall

office

مول تجاري

post office

مكتب بريد





hospital

مستشفى





park

حديقة

village

قرية

Prepositions

on	علي	in	في
under	تحت	above	أعلي
next to	بجانب	between	بين
behind	خلف	in front of	أمام

Other vocabulary

yellow	أصفر	brown	بني
green	أخضر	where	این - حیث
letters	خطابات	clothes	ملابس
shoes	حذاء	work	يعمل – عمل
sick	مريض	when	متي – عندما



Verbs

present	past
P1 00 0111	Pus.

bought	يشتري	buy
sent	يرسل	send
learned	يتعلم	learn
bought	يشتري	buy
went	يذهب	go

Reading

My name's Zain. I live in a village next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family.

Our house isn't the biggest in the village. It is between a yellow house and a brown house. There are tall trees behind the house.



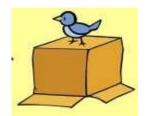
What do we do in these places:

The place	The job
office	where my mom and dad work
	حيث يعمل أبي و أمي
supermarket	where we buy food
	حيث نشتري الطعام
shopping mall	where I buy clothes and shoes
	حيث أشتري الملابس و الأحذية
school	where I learn
	حيث أتعلم
hospital	where we go when we are sick
	حیث نذهب عندما نمرض
post office	where we send letters
	حیث نرسل خطابات

Grammar

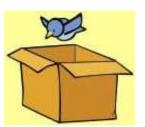
Prepositions

هروف الجر









on

علي

under

above

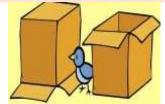
في

in

تحت

أعلي









next to بجانب between بین behind خلف in front of أمام

تكوين الجمل:

شيء ۲ + the + حرف جر + is + حرف جر

The car is next to the tent.	السيارة بجوار الخيمة.
	السوبر ماركت خلف الحديقة.
	المكتب أعلي المول التجاري.
	السوبر ماركت أمام المدرسة.
	الطائر علي الشجرة.
	القطة تحت الكرسي.



مnd يأتي بعدة شيئين ونربط بينهم ب between

المدرسة بين المستشفى ومكتب البريد.

The school is between the hospital and the post office.	
ين الكرسي و المنضدة.	الكرة بي
ماركت بين الحديقة والمدرسة.	السوبر
*Choose the correct answer:	
1- The hospital is to the office.	
(next - front - behind)	
2- The office is the supermarket.	
(between - in front - above)	
3- There is a post office in shopping mall.	
(behind - next to - front of)	
4- There is a plant the sofa.	
(behind - between - in)	
5- I put my clothes the cupboard.	
(under - behind - in)	
6- There is a school post office.	
(on - above - between)	

Homework

1- Listen and complete:
1- I live in a
2- There are tall trees the house.
3- I learn at
4- I with my family.
2- Choose the correct answer:
1- We buy food from the
(office - supermarket - hospital)
2- I buy clothes and shoes from the
(post office - shopping mall - office)
3- We go to the when we are sick.
(hospital - school - supermarket)
4- The pink house is the red house and the brown house
(under - between - in front)
5- There are 4 chairs the balcony.
(in - under - next)
6- My grandpa grew 3 trees our house.
(above - under - in front of)

3- Read the passage and answer the questions:



My name's Zain. I live in a village next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family. Our house isn't the biggest in the village. It is between a yellow house and a brown house. There are tall trees behind the house.

A) Put true (/) or false (X):		
1- Zain lives in a village.	()
2- Zain's house is the biggest house in the village.	()
3- Zain's house is brown.	()
B) Answer the questions:		
1- Where is the village?		
2- Who does Zain live with?		
4- Look and write four (4) sentences:	•	
	SCHO	OL
5- Punctuate the following sentence:		
which house does zain live in		



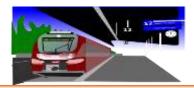
Lesson 3

Giving directions GIVING AIRECTIONS

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





sports cub

نادي رياضي

station

محطة



library

مكتبة

museum

متحف



town

مدينة صغيرة

Go straight

سر بشكل مستقيم



Turn right

استدر يمينا

Turn left

استدر يسارا

Other Vocabulary

store	متجر	places	أماكن
every morning	کل صباح	often	غالبا
near	بالقرب من	side	جانب
where	این؟	second	ثاني
corner	زاوية	Excuse me!	معذرة
happy	سعيد	today	اليوم
directions	اتجاهات	street	شارع
north	شمال	south	جنوب

Verbs



pres	sent	past
walk	يمشي	walked
go	يذهب	went
come	يأتي	came

Expressions

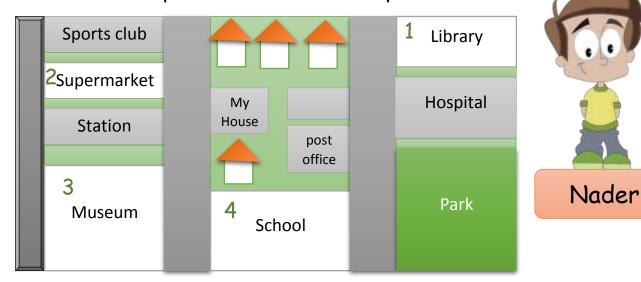
Take the second right	خذ تاني شارع يمين
on the corner	في الزاوية
Thank you	شكرا لك
on the other side	في الجانب الاخر

Reading

I love my town. It's small, but it has stores, offices, a school, and many other places. It is a good place to live. I walk to school every morning. My school is next to the hospital. Next to the hospital, there is a park. I often play football in the park with my friends.

Near my house, there is a supermarket. It's between the station and the sports club.

The shopping mall is on the other side of the station, so the station is between the supermarket and the shopping mall. My dad's office is in front of the park. It's next to the post office.



* Answer True (✓) or false (X)

- 1- Nader's town is very big.
- 2- He goes to school by car.
- 3- There are three houses in front of the shopping mall.
- 4- His town doesn't have a park.
- 5- Nader's dad's office is next to the hospital.
- 6- The station is between the shopping mall and the supermarket. (

Grammar

Giving directions

أعطاء الاتحاهات

ا أهم ٣ كلمات لازم تكون عارفهم و أنت بتعطي اتجاه لأي حد :







Turn left

Go straight ahead سر بشكل مستقيم

Turn right أستدر يمينا

أستدر يسارا عايز أقول لحد مشي طوالي و أحود يمين اقولها ازاي:

Go straight ahead and turn right.

قول انت دي بقا: مشي طوالي وأحود شمال

عايز أقول خد الشارع (الأول – الثاني – الثالث) (يمين – شمال)



SII	n	_	_	÷
21	ш	1	ĸ	



Take the first right.	خد اول يمين.
	خد تاني شمال.
	خد أول شمال.
	خد ثالث يمين.
	خد ثاني يمين.
	3 خلي بالك من ال ٣ دول:
It's on the corner.	عايز تقول ان المكان في زاوية الشارع
It's on the right.	عايز تقول ان المكان علي يمينك
It's on the left.	عايز تقول ان المكان علي شمالك
Where is the + المكان	للسؤال عن مكان شيء ما:
Where is the post office?	اين مكتب البريد؟
Where is the post office?	
	أين المستشفى؟
* Look and answer in four (4) ser	
Help this man to reach the hospita	ساعد هذا الرجل في الوصول الي المستشفىا
The man: Excuse me! Where is the	hospital?
You:	
	·····
	The Street
	The lines



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

- 1- I love my
- 2- It's a good to live.
- 3- This is a
- 4- It's to the hospital.

2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Go straight and turn right.
 - (ahead head heads)
- 2- the first right.
 - (Turn Go Take)
- 3- The hospital is the other side.
 - (in at on)
- 4- the supermarket? It's on the left.
 - (When Where What)
- 5- straight ahead.
 - (Go Turn Take)

3- Rearrange the following:

- 1- next school the to <u>It's</u>.
-
- 2- Take second right the.
-
- 3- The Where hospital is?



......

4- is - corner - <u>It</u> - on - the.

4- Look and answer:



Where is the supermarket?



Where is the cat?



What's this?

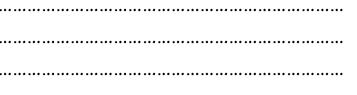


What are these?

5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

Help Ahmed to reach his school.

ساعد أحمد في الوصول لمدرسته



.....



6- Punctuate the following:

go straight ahead



Lesson 4

My town

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary





Hurghada

مدينة الغردقة

Brighton

مدينة برايتون



Sahl Hasheesh

ساحل حشيش

Sahara Desert

الصحراء الكبرى



Brighton beach

شاطيء برايتون

Briton Pier

رصيف ميناء برايتون



upside down

مقلوب

map

خريطة

Other vocabulary

Hi	مرحبا	city	مدينة كبيرة
south	جنوب	people	ناس
east	شرق	resturant	مطعم
cool	رائع	tourists	سیاح
safaries	رحلات سفاري	bazaar	بازار
beautiful	جميل	also	أيضا
England	إنجلترا	games	ألعاب
rides	ألعاب في الملاهي	unsual	غير عادي

Verbs

present

past



call	يسمي / يدعي	
go	يذهب	
have - has	لدية – يمتلك	
come	يأتي	

called went had came

Expressions

It's great fun!
It's called

إنه فرح كبير انها تسمي

Reading

Hurghada-My town

Hi, I'm Mariam. I live in a city called Hurghada.

It's in the east of Egypt on the red sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here.

In Hurghada, there is a beach and there are lots of interesting things to do. There is the Sahara Desert where lots of tourists go on safaries. We have Sahel Hasheesh in the south of Hurghada. It has some beautiful houses and interesting bazaars.







* Answer the following questions:

- 1- Where does Marian live?
- 2- Where is it?
- 3- How many people live there?
- 4- Mention some interesting places in Hurghada.

.....



Brighton-My town

Hi, I'm Alex. I live in a city called Brighton. It's in the south of England. It's a small city and about 200,000 live here. In Brighton, there is a beach and there are lots of cool stores and resturants.



Lots of my tourests come to my town to go to the beach. We also have Brighton Peir. There are many games and rides for children here. We also have a very unusual in Brighton the Upside Down House! It's great fun!







* Answer the following questions:

1- Where does Alex live?	
2- Where is it?	
3- How many people live there? .	
4- Mention some interesting place	es in Brighton.
Write abo	out your city
- I live in a city called + سم المدينة	My city
- It's in the north/south of Egyp	ot
- About + رقم + people live here.	
- There is a + شيء مفرد	
- There are + 800 chimi	



Homework

1- I live in a city called
2- How people live there?
3- There are lots of cool
4- It's great
2- Choose the correct answer:
1- I live in a called Hurghada.
(city - school - hospital)
2- We use a to know where a place is.
(bazaar - map - game)
3- Hurghada is in the of Egypt.
(south - east - north)
4- Brighton is in the south of
(France - China - England)
5- Lots of tourists go on Safari in Sahara
(beach - Desert - river)
6- The Upside House is in
(Hurghada - Brighton - Alexandria)

3- Read the passage and answer the questions:

Brighton is a small city in the south of England. About 200,000 people live <u>there</u>. In Brighton, There is a beach and there are lots of

cool stores and resturants. Lot's of tourists come to Brighton to go to the beach.

•••

5- Punctuate the following sentence:

does mariam like living in hurghada

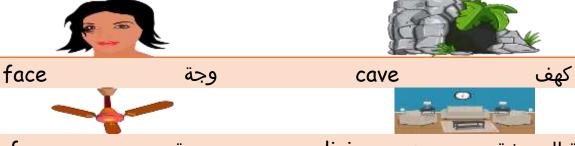


Lesson 5

Living on a boat

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary



غرفة المعيشة living room مروحة

fish سمكة van

foot قدم vegetables

Other Vocabulary

living	الحياة	boat	قارب
summer	الصيف	with	مع
up	أعلي	down	أسفل
the Nile	النيل	interesting	مثير – شيق
over	جميع / أنحاء	world	عالم
English	اللغة الإنجليزية	Chinese	صيني
Suddenly	فجأة	fell into	يقع – يسقط
Learn	يتعلم	work	يعمل – عمل

Verbs

stop	يتوقف	stopped
see	يري	saw

Mr. Mohamed Gad



shouted	يصرخ – يصيح	shout
jumped	يقفز	jump
swam	يعوم – يسبح	swim
saved	ينقذ – يحفظ	save
smiled	يبتسم	smile
	Evanessions	

travel up and down	ينتقل لأعلي ولأسفل
please help me	من فضلك ساعدني
thank you so much	شكرا جزيلا لك

Reading

Living on a boat

My friend Sherief lives on about in the Summer. His parents work on tourist boat so he goes with them. They travel up and down the Nile.

He likes the summer very much. He sees many interesting places and he meets people from all over the world. He speakes English and Chinese with the tourists.



One day, the boat stopped and sherif saw many children playing. Suddenly a small chiled fell into the river! The child shouted "Please help me!"

Sherif called his dad. Dad saw the child and jumbed into the river. He swam and saved the child! The child smiled and said. "Thank you so much!"

Sherif was very happy, but he also decided to learn swim.



* Answer true (\(\sigma \) or false (\(\times \):

1- Sherif lives in a city in the summer.	()
--	-----

- 2- Sherif can speak English and Chinese. ()
- 3- The small child fell into the river. ()
- 4- Sherif saved the child. ()

Phonics lesson

/f/ sound & /v/ sound

	/f/ sound	/v/ :	sound
صوت حرف ال (f)		ف ال (v)	صوت حر
foot	قدم	van	شاحنة صغيرة
fan	مروحة	vegetables	خضراوات
face	وجه	living room	غرفة المعيشة
fish	سمكة	cave	کهف

Let's remember

السؤال بهل هو سؤال يبدأ ب (Is - Are - Do - Does - Did - Can) او أي فعل مساعد تاني

السؤال بهل يسمي بالغة الإنجليزية Yes or No question

للايجابة علي السؤال بهل:

نضع yes او No ونبدل بين اول اتنين في السؤال (الفعل المساعد و الفاعل)

مع ملاحظة - I تحول الي γου والعكس

- مع no حط n't بعد ما تبدل



Is it a van?



Are they your feet?



Homework

1- Listen and write /f/ or /v/:

1- _ ace

2-_ ish

3- ca _ e

4- _ an

5- _ egetables

6- _ an

2- Fill in the gaps:

(boat - dad - English - river)

- 2- Sherif's saved the child.
- 3- sherif can speak and chinese.

3- Choose the correct answer:

1- A small child fell into the river, but my dad him.

(saved - played - jumped)

(van - cave - fan)

3- My dad work on a tourist

(Pyramid - boat - Nile)

4- I live eating

(fish - fan - van)

5- I into the river.

(jumbed - saw - lived)



4- Look and answer:



Do you like vegetables?



Is it a fan?



Does she live in a cave?



What's this?

<u>5-</u>	<u>Look</u>	and	write	four	(4)	<u>sentences:</u>



6- Punctuate the following dialogue:

does mohamed live on a boat in summer

.....



Test on unit 4

1- Listen and complete:

1- Noa works at thwe
2- I live in a
3- It's a good place to
4- I live in a called hurghada.
2- Choose the correct answer:
1- It's the corner.
(of - on - above
2- The is a place where we buy food.
(school - post office - supermarket)
3- The cat is to the box.
(behind - next - from)
4 is your school?
(What - Where - Why)
5- people live in in the desert.
(houseboats - apartments - tents)
6- Go stright ahead and then right.
(turn - take - run)

3- Read ansd answer:

This is Maggie. She works at the supermarket near my house. My family and I see her every week when we buy food. Maggie checks

SI	In	C	口

the food is fro	esh. She helps us when we happy.	can't fir	nd somethi	ing. She is
1- Maggie wor	ks at the suppermarket.	()	
2- The superm	narketisn't near the house	e. ()	
3- I see maggi	ie when we buy food.	()	
4- Magy is ver	y kind.	()	
4- Look and	answer:			
School	Post office			
Where	is the school?	Wh	at's this?	
		Į		>
Where	e do you live?	Wher	e is the co	1†?
5- Look and	write four (4) sentences	<u>:</u>		
6- Punctuate	the following sentence:	/ /-	AP	
where doe	es ahmed live			



<u>UNIT</u> 2



Where do you work?



Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381

Lesson 1



Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





builder

عامل بناء

bus driver

سائق اتوبيس



electrican

فني كهرباء

garbage collector

جامع القمامة



mail carrier

ساعي البريد

mechanic

میکانیکی



plumber

سياك

wall

جدار - حائط

Other vocabulary

strong	قو ي	safe	أمن
electricity	الكهرباء	lights	الاضواء
computer	<i>كمبيو</i> تر	pipe	ماسورة
faucet	صنبور		يحافظ
garbage	القمامة	deliver	يُسلم
package	طرد – متاع	fix	يصلح
Who?	من؟	How many?	کم عدد؟

Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made





Mr. Mohamed Gad

connect	يتصل
use	يستخدم
take	يأخذ

connected used took

Expressions

do homework
have a shower
brush teeth
take away

يؤدي الواجب المنزلي يأخذ دش ينظف اسنانة بالفرشاة يتخلص من

Definitions

A buider	عامل بناء
An electrican	فني كهرباء
A plumber	سباك
A garbage colle	ctor
	جامع القمامة
	جامع العمامه
A mail carrier	جامع العمامة
A mail carrier	جامع العمامة ساعي البريد
A mail carrier A mechanic	

makes the walls يبنى الحوائط يوصل الكهرباء connects the electricity connects the pipes and faucets يوصل المواسير و الصنابير takes away the garbage

يتخلص من القممة

delivers your letters and packages

يوصل خطاباتك و طرودك

fixs the car takes you to school يأخذك الى المدرسة

يصلح السيارة

Reading

How many people helped you live in your home?

ما عدد الناس التي ساعدتك على الحياة في منزلك؟



A builder made the walls strong and safe.

An electrican connected the electricity so you can use lights, watch TV, or do your homework on a computer.

A plumber connected the pipes and faucets so you have water to have a shower and brush your teeth.

A garbage collector takes away all the garbage, so you can keep your house nice and clean.

A mail carrier delivers your letters and packages.

But you also need help when you leave the house. You need a mechanic to fixs the car or the bus driver to take you to school.

* Answer the following questions:

2- Who helps you get to school on time? 3- Who connected your home to eclectricity so you can watch TV? 4- Who connected your home to water so you can wash your hair?	1- Who made you somewhere to live?
4- Who connected your home to water so you can wash your hair?	2- Who helps you get to school on time?
	3- Who connected your home to eclectricity so you can watch TV?
5- Who helps you keep your home clean?	5- Who helps you keep your home clean?

Writing

يلا نكتب أربع جمل عن أي وظيفة:



6	П	П	S	P	Ť
					L

		•			* . *.	* 1
-	He	IS	a	+	ظيفة	الو

- I like / don't like this job.

* Look ar	ıd write	: 4 sen	tences:
-----------	----------	---------	---------

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
••••••	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

1- I my homework at night	1-	Ι		my	homework	at	night
---------------------------	----	---	--	----	----------	----	-------

- 2- I always a shower.
- 3- Keep your house nice and
- 4- I use to brush my teeth.

2- Match column (A) with column (B):

A

A buider	delivers your letters and packages.
A plumber	takes you to school.
A mail carrier	makes the walls.
A mechanic	fixs the car.
	connects the pipes and faucets.

3- Read and put true (\checkmark) or false (X):

I'm mohamed. I'm a plumber. I love my job. My job is very important for you. I connect the pipes and fucets so you have water to have a shower and brush your teeth.

1- Mohamed is a plumber.	()
2- Mohamed fixes cars.	()
3- Mohamed connect the pipes and faucets.	()

4- Mohamed doesn't help us to have water. ()

5- I brush my teeth because there is a water. (

4- Circle the odd word out:

1- builder - plumber - garbage - mechanic

2- faucet - make - do - take

3- pipes - walls - letters - mechanic

4- car - bus - fix - van

5- Look and write four sen	tences:
----------------------------	---------

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		•••••		



6- Punctuate the following:

who helps you get to school on time

Lesson 2



Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





practice

يمارس

storm

عاصفة



lightning

البرق

electric shock

صدمة كهربائية



Broken wire

سلك معزول

socket

مقبس كهرباء



plug

فيشة

unplug

غير متصل بالكهرباء



turn on

يشغل

turn off

يطفيء

Other vocabulary

before	قبل	become	يصبح
safely	بأمان	second	ثانية
flash	وميض – ضوء	enough	كاف
dangerous	خطير	control	يتحكم
always	دايما	try	يحاول - يجرب
through	عبر – خلال	touch	بلمس
wet	مبتل	fire	حريق
waste	يهدر		



Verbs

pasi	p. coc		
studied	يدرس	study	
practiced	يمارس	practice	
got	يحصل علي	get	

Expressions

Did you know?
yes, very dangrous.
Turn off the light.

هل تعرف؟ نعم خطير جدا. اطفئ الانوار

past

Science lesson

Electricity

<u>الكمرباء</u>

- Electricity travels faster than 300,000 kilometers / second.

تنتقل الكهرباء بسرعة أكبر من ٣٠٠,٠٠٠ كم /س.

present

- In a storm we sometimes see a flash of lightning. That flash has enough electricity for 1,000 families for a year.



أحيانا نري ضوء البرق اثناء العاصفة. هذا الضوء ينتج طاقة كهربائية تكفي لـ ١٠٠٠ أسرة لمدة سنة.

* Is electricity dangrous?

هل الكمرباء خطيرة؟

- The electricity is very dangrous. If we get an electric shock, We can, t control our bodies. It can also burn us. Electricity is always trying to go into the ground. It travels easily through water and our bodies are 70% water.

الكهرباء خطيرة جدا. إذا اصيبنا بصدمة كهربائية فنحن لا نستطيع أن نتحكم بأجسادنا. فمن الممكن أن تحرقنا أيضا. تحاول الكهرباء دايما التسلل عبر الأرض. انها تغادر بسهولة عبر المياه واجسامنا تحتوي على ٧٠٪ ماء.



*How can we use electricity safely? كيف يمكننا أن نستخدم الكمرباء بأمان؟

- Never touch anything electrical with wet hands.

لا تلمس أي شيء كهربي بأيدي مبلوله.

- Don't use a broken wire. You can get an electric shock or start a fire!



لا تستخدم سلك معزول لانك ستسبب صدمة كهربائية او ستبدأ حريق

Never put anything into a socket, only use plugs.

لا تضع أي شيء في مكبس الكهرباء. فقط ضع الفيشة.

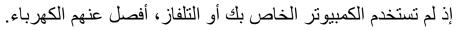
* How can we safe electricity?

كيف يمكننا المفاظ على الكمرباء؟

- When you leave a room, turn off the lights.

عندما تغادر الغرفة اطفئ الانوار.

- If you are not using your computer or telivision, unplug it.





استخدم ضوء النهار في النهار.

- Use natural light in the day.

* Answer the questions:

1- How fast can electricity travel?

2- Is electricity dandrous?

3- How much is seventy percent (70%)?



b.



4- Do you want to be electrican? Why?

Mr. Mohamed Gad



Homework

1-	Turn	 the	lights	please
Τ_	i ui ii	 1116	ngitis,	pieuse.

2- choose the correct answer:

3- Put true (✓) beside the correct sentences:

How can we save electricity?

1- When you leave a room turn on the lights. (





	ZOUZET
2- Use natural light in the day.	()
3- If you are not using your computer, unplug it.	()
4- Turn on the lights on the day.	()
4- Read and answer:	
Electricity is very dangrous. To use electricit touch anything electrical with wet hands. Don't a You can get an electric shock or start a fire! No into a socket, only use plugs. A) Answer the following questions: 1- Why don't we use a broken wire?	ise a broken wire.
2- What is the only thing we can put in a socke	†?
 B) Answer true (√) or false (×): 3- Electricity is very dangrous. 4- Touch anything electrical with wet hands. 5- a broken wire can start a fire. 	() () ()
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:	
6- Punctuate the following sentence: amera is an egyptain electrican	



Lesson 3

workers in our community

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





skills

مهارات

workers

عمال



help

يساعد

community

مجتمع



this

هذا - هذه (قريب)

that

هذا – هذه (بعيد)



these

هؤلاء (قريب)

those

هؤلاء (بعيد)



hard hat

خوذة صلبة

tools

أدوات

Other vocabulary

people	ناس	together	معا
special	خاص	get to	يصل إلي
example	مثال	businesses	أعمال
break	يكسر – يحطم	feel	يشعر
local	محلي	boring	ممل
good	ختر	interesting	شيق

Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made





Mr. Mohamed Gad

help

بساعد

helped

Expressions

help each other get to work

يساعد بعضنا بعضا يصل الي العمل

Reading

Workers in our community

العمال في مجتمعنا

Do you like helping people? In our community we can all help each other. Many of the people around us have special skills to help us. Together, we help each other and make our city or village a nicer place to live.

For example, a bus driver helps a builder to get to work. When the bus breaks, the bus driver needs the mechanic to fix the



bus. All the local homes and businesses need a mail carrier to deliver the packages and letters. We all need the garbage collector to take a way our garbage and keep our streets clean.

We can all help each other. It's the right thing to do and it feels good.

We all like different things. Some jobs are interesting for some people, but they are boring for other people. All the jobs are very important.

Grammar

Demonstrative pronouns

اسماء الاشارة

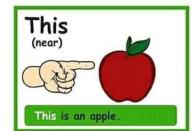
هذا / هذه للمفرد القريب (This (is

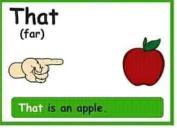
ذألك / تلك للمفرد البعيد (is)

mar (13)

These (are) القريب هؤلاء للجمع القريب

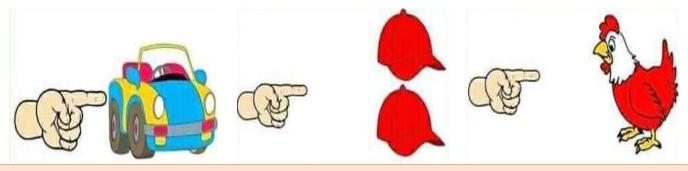
Those (are) اولئك للجمع البعيد



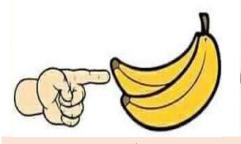




Write (This - That - These - Those)



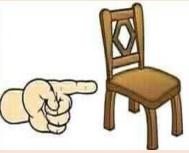
..... is a car. are caps. is a hen.



..... are bananas.



9



..... socks. a chair.











.....is a boy.

..... are balls.

.....eggs.



* Complete the sentences:

That - These - This - Those

1-	Can	you	see?	 ' S	the	mail	carrier



2- is my aunt. Her name is Amera. She's a teacher.



3- children are going to school.



4- children are going to school.



Homework

1 - Listen and complete:

- 1- A garbage is outside all day.
- 2- Some are very boring.
- 3- They keep our streets
- 4- We can all each other.

2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We each other to make our city a nicer place. (help take get)
- 2- are the plumber's tools.

 (This That These)

SUNSET				
3 is th (Those - These -				
4- The bus driver needs the to fix the bus. (builder - mechanic - plumber)				
5 flower (those - this - th	•			
3- Look and answe	<u>r:</u>			
Is he a mail	carrier?	Is he a bus driver?		
What's t	his?	What are these?		
4- Look and write	(4) sentences:			

5- Punctuate the fpllowing:

ahmed is a mechanic



Lesson 4

Three cousins

Inree cousins

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.



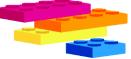


screwdriver

مفاك

tape measure

شريط قياس



blocks

مكعبات

architect

مهندس معماري



doctor

طبيب

dentist

طبيب أسنان



curious

فضولي - متطفل

patient

صبور

Other Vocabulary

cousins	أبناء العم	different	مختلف
child	طفل	experement	تجارب
radio	راديو	cell phone	خلية التليفون
baby	طفل رضيع		قمة
things	أشياء	little	عنوان
doll	عروسة	angry	غضبان
adults	بالغون	call	يتصل

Verbs

present

past

start

يبدأ

started



carry	يحمل
play	يلعب
explain	يشرح
help	يساعد

carried played explained helped

Expressions

get angry
When lara was a child
When she was older

يغضب عندما كانت لارا طفلة عندما كانت أكبر

Reading

Three cousins

أبناء الأعمام الثلاثة

Lara, Talia, and Amir are cousins, but they are all very different.



When Lara was a child, She loved to experiment. She was very curious. She always carried a screwdriver and she opened old radios, cell phones, and anything that had electricity. Her favourite question was *How does it work?* She learned about safety with electricity.

When Talia was a baby, She played with blocks. She put one block on top of another. When she was older, She started making things. She made a little house for her dog and a bed for her sister's doll. She always carried a tape measure and a pencil.

Amir was always very patient and he liked helping people. Sometimes, big brothers can get angry at little brothers, but Amir was never angery. He played, he played, and he explained.

Today, Lara, Talia, and Amir are all adults but they still call each other when they need some help.





* Think, choose, and write. What do you think Lara, Talia, and Amir do today?

	an architect	an electrician	a teacher
2- Talia is			
* Answer the q			
1- Who does Am	ir call when the fo	an doesn't work?	
2- Who does Lar house?	a call when she w	ants to change som 	ething in her
3- Who does Ta		doesn't understand	something in

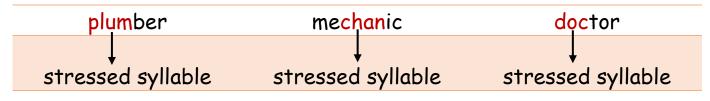
Pronunciation

A stressed syllable

الكلمة إما أن تتكون من مقطع واحد او من أكثر من مقطع:

One syllable words	يوجد بها صوت متحرك واحد:
كلمات تتكون من مقطع واحد	cat – hat – man – pen – door – book
Two syllable words	يوجد بيها صوتين متحركين:
كلمات تتكون من مقطعان	dentist - plumber - teacher - builder
Three syllable words	يوجد بها ٣ أصوات متحركة:
كلمات تتكون من ثلاث مقاطع	mechanic - architect - bus driver
Four syllable words	يوجد بها ٤ أصوات متحركة:
كلمات تتكون من أربعة مقاطع	electrican

الكلمة التي تتكون من أكثر من مقطع يوجد بها مقطع واحد مشدد a stressed syllable و هو المقطع المشدد عليه عند النطق: لاحظ الأمثلة التالية







Homework

<u>1- Listen and circle the strees</u>	<u>ed syllable:</u>
1- doc tor	2- dri ver
3- buil der	4- me chan ic
2- Choose the correct answer:	
1- Lara opened the radio with the	2
(spoon - screwdriver - pen)	
2- Talia put one on	the top of another.
(tape measure - doll - block)	
3- The works in hos	pital.
(teacher - doctor - builder)	
4- Ahmed is 150 cm. I used	to know.
(screwdriver – tapemeasure – s	sew)
5- The teacher must be	
(patient - curious - bad)	
3- Look and write four (4) sent	rences:
4- Punctuate the following sent	ence:
I like math english and	arabic



Lesson 5

mail carrier

man carrier

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





pros

on one hand

مميزات

cons

عيوب





من ناحية

on the other hand

من ناحية أخري





backache

division

ألم في الظهر

equal

يساوي





divided by

مقسوما على

Other Vocabulary

name	إسم	class	فصل
week	أسبوع	different	مختلف
bad		good	ختر
aunt	عمة – خالة	job	وظيفة
points	نقاط	outside	خارج
great		weather	طقس
everybody	كل شخص	mail bag	شنطة بريد
beavy		wake up	يستيقظ
start	يبدأ	exercise	يتدرب



Expressions

My name is
pros and cons
at 6 o'clock
in the morning
speak to

اسمي يكون مزايا و عيوب في تمام الساعة السادسة في الصباح يتمرن

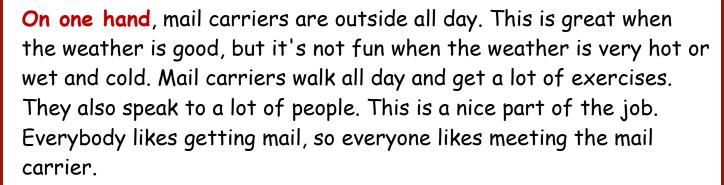
Reading

My name is Sherifa. In class this week, we're talking about the good and bad things about different jobs. My aunt is a mail carrier in united states. I talked to her about her job and she told me some of the pros and cons.

Pros and cons of being a mail carrier.

What's it like to be a mail carrier?

There are good and bad points about the job.



On the other hand. There are also some bad things to think about. Being a mail carrier is no an easy job. The mail bag is very heavy. It can give some mail carriers a backache. Another bad things is that they wake up very early. My aunt starts work at 6 o'clock in the morning.



Math lesson

Division

القسمة

أوجد قيمة ٧ في المسائل الحسابية التالية:

1)
$$100 \div 5 = Y$$

$$y = 20$$

2)
$$100 \div 25 = Y$$

3)
$$100 \div Y = 2$$

$$\frac{100}{y} = 2$$

$$\frac{2Y}{2} = \frac{100}{2}$$

$$Y = \frac{100}{2}$$

$$Y = 50$$

4)
$$100 \div Y = 5$$

.....

.....

* Read and solve the problem:

There are two hundred children in Grade 6. Today they are going on a school trip.

Each school bus carriers 50 children + 1 teacher and 1 driver.

How many buses do they need.



Homework

1- Choose the correct answer:

- 2- I up at 6 o'clock in the morning. (start wake make)
- 3- A is seven days. (week month season)
- 4- mail is an important job. (buyer seller carrier)
- 6- Being a mail carrier isn't an job. (easy hard boring)
- 7- Teachers need to be when students ask questions. (angry mad patient)

2- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- day week cleaner month
- 2- Talia screwdriver Lare Amir
- 3- doctor mail carrier plumber carry
- 4- start backache cold headache

3- Answer the problem:

There are one hundred doctors in our city. There are five hospitals in our city.

How many doctors in each hospital?

.....







4- Read and answer:

Being a mail carrier isn't an easy job. Mail carriers are outside all day. This is great when the weather is good, But it's not fun when the weather is very hot or wet and cold. They walk all the day and get a lot of exercise. Also the mail bag is very hevy. It can give the mail carrier a backache. They arwe very tired when they come back home.

A) Choose the correct answer:	
 1- The mail carrier's job is an	
B)Answer the following questions:	
1-Where are mail carriers all day?	
2- What do they do all day?	
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:	
6- Punctuate the following sentence:	
my name is sherifa	

Test on unit 5

1- Listen and complete:
1- Talia played with
2- The plumber is fixing the
3- Mail work outside all day.
4- Amira is an
2- Circle the odd word out:
1- mail carrier - man - electrican - bus driver
2- plug - dentist - socket - wire
3- TV - computer - letter - cell phone
4- plumbers - doctors - teachers - drive
3- Choose the correct answer:
1- A mail carrier your letters and packages.
(connects - drives - delivers)
2- The takes you to school.
(doctor - builder - bus driver)
3- Never touch anything electrical with hands.
(wet - dry - dirty - hot)
4- These the plumber's tools.
(is - was - are)
5- The connects electricity.
(plumber - electrican - builder)
6 is the new garbage collector.
(That - These - Those)





4- Read and answer:

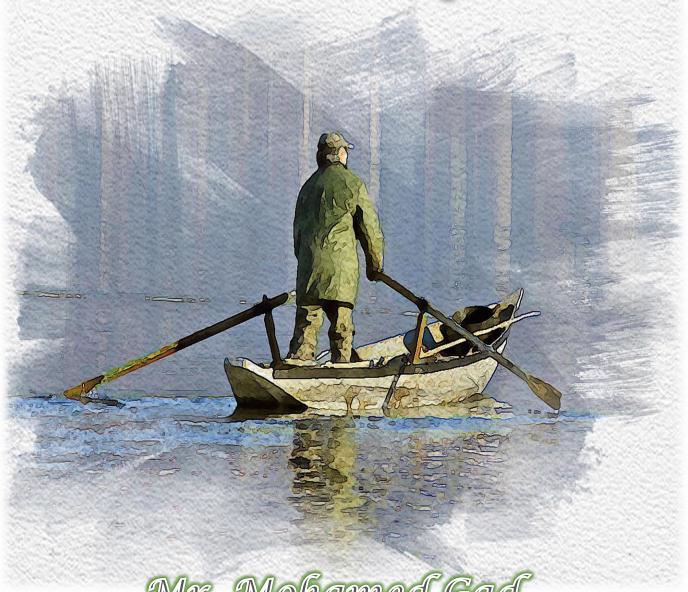
Workers who made our school

The builders built the school. The plumber gave us water. The electrican gave us light. The cleaners keep the school clean. The bus drivers bring the children to school. The garbage collectors take away our trash. The mechanics fix the cars and buses that bring the children to school.

A) Answer the following questions:
1- Who built the school?
2- Who brings the children to school?
B) Choose the correct answer:
3- The gave us light. (plumber - bus driver - electrican)
4- The garbage collectors take away our
5- The fix the cars. (builders - mechanics - bus driver)
5- Look and wite four sentences:
6- Punctuate the following:
my favorite teacher is called mohamed



What do you do?



Mr. Mohamed Gad

01092786381



Lesson 1

Jobs around us

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





education

التعليم

energy

الطاقة



WINNE THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

الزراعة

minning

التعدين



tourism

السياحة

guide

مرشد سياحي



geologist

عالم جيولوجي

engineer

مهندس

Other Vocabulary

tourism industry	صناعة السياحة	wind turbines	توربينات رياح
pick	ياتقط	market	سوق
boat		look after	يعتني بـ
resturants		factory	مصنع
explain	یشرح – یفسر	•	تاريخ
tourists	السياح	the ground	الأرض
rocks	صخور	metals	معادن
turn	يدور	library	مكتبة
information	معلومات	find	يجد
coppe		wave power	طاقة الأمواج
nets	شبكات	transportation	النقل



دید iron جرار زراعي

Verbs

present		past
sell	يبيع	sold
grow	يزرع	grew
give	يعطي	gave
send	پرسل	sent
come	يأتي	came
tell	يخبر	told
make	يصنع – يولد يشتري	made
buy	يشتري	bought

Expressions

all over the world	كل أنحاء العالم
take out of	يستخرج
make electricity	يولد كهرباء

Definitions

fisherman	catches fish and sell it in the markrt.
صياد	يصطاد السمك ويبيعة في السوق.
farmer	grows oranges, looks after the trees, and picks the fruit.
فلاح	يزرع البرتقال و يعتني بالاشجار و يجمع الفاكهة.
guide	explains the history and tells the tourists lots of
مرشد	interesting stories.
	يفسر التاريخ ويخبر السياح الكثير من القصص الشيقة.
geologist	studies the ground and the rocks under our feet.
عالم جيولوجي	يدرس الأرض و الصخور التي تحت أقدامنا.
engineer	makes sure the wind turbines turn well and make
مهندس	electricity.
	يتأكد من أن التوربينات تدور بشكل منتظم وتولد الكهرباء.
liberarian	looks after all the books, and buys lots of new books.
أمين مكتبة	يعتني بالكتب ويشتري الكثير من الكتب الجديدة.

Mr. Mohamed Gad



Reading

1- I wake up very early every day, I go out on my boat and fish. Then in the afternoon, I come back and sell my fish in the market. My fish go to the resturants and homes all over the world.





- 2- I grow oranges. All year, I look after the trees, and I give them water and energy. Then in October, I pick the fruit. I send a lot of fruit to the factory to make orange juice. I also sell some of my oranges to the supermarket.
- 3- I'm a guide. I work in the tourism industry. People come to my country and it's my job to explain the history and tell the tourists lots of interesting stories.





- 4- I'm a geologist. I study the ground and the rocks under our feet. I study what is under the ground. I find special metals and think how we can take the metals out of the ground.
- 5- I'm an engineer. I make sure the wind turbines turn well and make electricity. The electricity we make goes to thousands of homes.





6- I work in a school library. It's my job to look after all the books. I buy lots of new books and I help children find the information they need.



	<u>llowing questic</u>	ons:		
1- Who works in a	school?			
2- Who works on the sea?				
3- Who is a scien	tist?			
4- Who works ou	tside?			
5- Who grows foo	pd?			
6- Who works wit	th wind turbine	25?		
* Look and write	. Which indus	stry are the wo	rds connected to?	
Can you add mor	e words to th	ne table?	_	
•			ظر و أكتب. أي الصناعات ترن	أذ
school	copper	animals	hotels	
wave power	wind farn	n nets	trasportation	
tractor	iron	coal prim	nciple boats	
mining				
mining				
mining farming				
farming				
J				
farming				
farming				
farming fishing tourism				
farming fishing				
farming fishing tourism education				
farming fishing tourism				



Homework

1- Listen and complete:

1- I up very early everyday.
2- The fisherman needs and net.
3- I'm an
4- My go to the resturants and homes all over the world.
2- Choose the correct answer:
1- A helps children find the information they need.
(farmer - fisherman - guide - librarian)
2- The geologist takes the out of the ground.
(metals - fruits - fish)
3- The fisherman the fish.
(studies - catches - grows)
4- The explains the history to the tourists.
(engineer - guide - farmer)
5- The engineer makes sure the wind turn well.
(power - turbines - energy)
6- The studies what is under the ground.
(engineer - geologist - farmer)
7- The guide works in industry.
(mining - education - tourism)
8- the fisherman on a boat.
(work - woks - working)
9- We use in farming. (cars - bikes - tractors)



3- Read and answer:

I'm Mansour. I'm a farmer. I grow oranges. All year, I look after the trees, and I give them water and energy. Then in October, I pick the fruit. I send a lot of fruit to the factory to make orange juice. I also sell some of my oranges to the supermarket.

A) Answer the following questions:
1- What does Mansour grow?
2- Where does the farmer send a lot of fruit?
B) Choose the correct answer:
3- Mansour looks after the
(trees - children - juice)
4- Mansour is a
(doctor - librarian - farmer)
5- Mansour seels oranges to the
(house - supermarket - school)
4- Look and write four (4) sentences:
5- Punctuate the following sentence:
where does the farmer work

Lesson 2



Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





industry

الصناعة

economy

أقتصىاد



ر اتب

government

حكومة



hotel

salary

cook

طباخ



businesses

أعمال

فندق

transportation

النقل

Other Vocabulary

part	جزء	country	دولة
divide	يقسم	every	کل
thousands	ألاف	many	كثير
different	مختلف	arrive in	يصل الي
work	عمل ــ يعمل	problem	مشكلة
food	طعام	clean	ينظف
local	محلي	worker	عامل
clothes	ملابس	road	طريق
school	مدرسة	help	يساعد

Verbs



past	sent	pre
bought	يشتري	buy
sold	ببيع	sell
needed	يحتاج	need
paid	يدفع	pay
cought	يمسك	catch

Reading

Industry asial

الاقتصاد Economy

- The way a country makes and uses money. الأموال. طريقة الدولة في صناعة واستخدام الأموال.
- The things we make, buy, and sell are all parts of the countries economy. الأشياء التي نصنعها ونشتريها ونبيعها كلها أجزاء من أقتصاد الدول.

Industry الصناعة

- a collection of businesses that work together. مجموعة الاعمال التي تعمل سويا.
- Our economy is divided into industries such as fishing, farming, tourism, etc. اقتصادنا مقسم الي صناعات مثل الصيد والزراعة والسياحة، الخ...
- In every industry there are thousands of people and many different jobs. في كل صناعة يوجد ألاف الأشخاص والكثير من الوظائف المختلفة.

Let's think about tourism industry in Egypt.

Tourism

السياحة

- When tourists arrive in Egypt they need a hotel and they need a bus or a taxi to take them to the hotel.

عندما يصل السياح الي مصر يحتاجون فندق، كما يحتاجون اتوبيس او تاكسي يأخذهم الي الفندق.

- Many people work in the hotel. The hotel needs electricans and plumbers to fix problems, cooks to make food, and cleaners to keep the hotel clean.

| Line | Line

لكي يصلحوا المشاكل، و طباخين ليعدوا الطعام، وعمال نظافة لكي يحافظوا علي نظافة الفندق.



- Local businesses need the hotel, too. For example, The hotel buys food from farmers. Everything in the hotel comes from other

تحتاج الاعمال المحلية الفندق أيضاً. فعلي سبيل المثال، businesses.

يشتري الفندق الطعام من الفلاحين. كل شيء في الفندق يأتى من أعمال أخرى.

- The hotel pays a salary to the workers. The workers use their salary to buy food, clothes, and trasportation.

الفندق يدفع الرواتب الي العمال. العمال تستخدم الرواتب لكي تشتري الطعام و الملابس والتنقل.

Some of their salary goes to the government to pay for things like roads and schools. When we work, our salary helps our community and the whole country.

بعض الرواتب اذهب الي الحكومة لكي تدفع لاشياء مثل الطرق و المدارس. عندما نعمل، راتبنا يساعد مجتمعنا و الدولة بأكملها.

Salary: money paid to people who work.

الراتب: مال يدفع للأشخاص التي تعمل.

Government: the group of people who make rules for the country.

الحكومة: مجموعة من الأشخاص التي تضع القوانين للدولة.

notes

- هناك الكثير من الوظائف التي تنشق من فعل معين:

Verbs		Jobs	
teach	يعلم	teacher	معلم
drive	يقود	driver	سائق
build	يبني	builder	عامل بناء
clean	ينظف	cleaner	عامل نظافة
collect	يجمع	rubbish collector	جامع القمامة

- هناك بعض الوظائف لا تنشق من أفعال:



doctor طبیب	don't doct	help sick people يساعد المرضي
mechanics میکانیکی	don't mechanic	fix cars یصلح السیارات
electricans فني کهرباء	don't electric	connect electricity يوصل الكهرباء
detists طبیب أسنان	don't dentist	fix teeth یعالج الاثنان

Homework

1- Drivers the car.
2- He is a

- 3- The hotel pays a to the workers.
- 4- The makes food.

2- Circle the odd word out:

1 - Listen and complete:

- 1- teacher clean driver builder
- 2- word clean drive teacher
- 3- tourism farming education food.
- 4- hotel salary school supermarket

3- choose the correct answer:

1- is a collection of businesses that work together.

(Industry - Economy - Tourism)

2- cleans the school.

(Teacher - Electrican - Cleaner)

3- helps sick people.(Rubbish collector - Doctor - Engineer)





4 is money paid to people who work.
(Salary - Government - present)
5 is the way the country makes and uses money.
(Salary - Economy - Industry)
6- Supermarkets the food to customers.
(grow - sell - catch)
7- The wind turbines electricity.
(make-grow-buy)
8- Dentists teeth.
(dentist - fix - catch)
4- Look and write four sentences about:
" Workers at the hotel"
LENGHGRN EDTEL
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
5- Punctuate the following sentence:
let's think about tourism industry in egypt

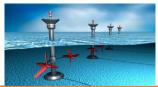


Lesson 3 Different energy resources

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





wind energy

طاقة الرياح

wave energy

طاقة الأمواج



solar energy

الطاقة الشمسية

gas

غاز



oil

زيت – بترول

coal

فحم







renewable resources

مصادر غير متجددة non-renewable resources مصادر متجددة

Other Vocabulary

today	اليوم	electricity	كهرباء
problem	مشكلة	Earth	أرض
burn	يحرق	cause	min
pollution	تلوث	sun	شمس
farm	مزرعة	sunshine	ضوء الشمس
space	فضياء	sea	بحر
mango	مانجو	next to	بجانب
money	مال	cut down	يقطع
wood	خشب	window	شباك

Expressions

Mr. Mohamed Gad

Don't worry	لا تقلق	
One day	ذات يوم	
Next year	العام القادم	
come from	يأتي من	
make electricity	يولد الكهرباء	

Science lesson

Different energy resources

مصادر الطاقة المختلفة

renewable resources مصادر متجددة		non-renewable resources مصادر غیر متجددة	
coal	فحم	wind	رياح
gas	غاز	water	ماء
oil	بترول	sun	شمس
come from the Earth. تأتى من الأرض <u>.</u>		are everywhere. تکون بکل مکان	
We need to burn these to make		We don't need to burn these to	
electricity.		make electricity.	
نحتاج حرقها لتوليد الكهرباء.		لا نحتاج حركها لتوليد الكهرباء	
There is pollution.		There is no pollution.	
ُتلوث <u>.</u>	يوجد	لا يوجد تلوث.	

Notes:

- To make electricity from renewable energy resources, we need new solar farms and wind farms.

لكي نولد الكهرباء من مصادر طاقة متجددة نحتاج الي حقول شمسية وحقول رياح.

- A solar farm needs a lot of sunshine. .صقل الشمس يحتاج الكثير من ضوء الشمس.
- A wind farm needs a big space.
- حقل الرياح يحتاج الى مساحة كبيرة.
- To make wave energy you need the sea.

لكي تصنع طاقة أمواج فأنت تحتاج الي البحر.



Benban solar park

	Where is it?	Benban, Aswan, Egypt		
	How old is it?	Opened in 2018.		
How big is it?		37.2 km ²		
	How much electricity	3.8 Twh per year		
	can it make?			



Reading

Two mango trees

Sara and Malak are sisters. Each sister had a beautiful mango tree next to her house. Every year, the sisters ate beautiful mangoes. Their children played under the trees.

One day, Malak said, "I don't need mangoes. I need money. Let's cut down my tree. I can sell the wood."

She cut the tree and she sold te wood. Malak was happy.

Next year, Sara's mango tree grew bigger and bigger. It gave sara more mangoes.

Malak looked out of the window. There was no mango tree. She had no mangoes and no more wood. "Don't worry", said sara. "plant this mango seed, and it wii grow into a big tree."

* Answer the following questions:

1- What are the advanteges of keeping the mango tree?	
---	--

2- What are the advantages of cutting down the mango tree?

3- What do you think about Malak's decisions? Was it a good or a bad decision?

4- Would you cut the mango tree?



Homework

1- Listen and complete:
1- Sara and malak are
2- I have a tree.
3- We are using more and more
4 energy resources are everywhere.
2- Read and complete:
(solar - sunshine - make - electricity)
We can make electricity from wind, water and the sun. To make
3- Choose the correct answer:
1- Coal, gas, and oil areresources. (renewable - non-renewable - natural)
2- Wind, water, and sun are resources.
(renewable - non-renewable - unnatural)
3- We don't need to burn resources to make electricity.
(renewable - non-renewable - unnatural)
4- We we burn non- renewable resources, we cause
(pollution - noisy - space)

2	Ш	П	2	6	t



5- A wind farm needs a						
(sea - sunshine - big space)						
6- A solar farm needs	6- A solar farm needs a					
(sea - sunshine - big	space)					
4- Search and comple	te the table:					
		دول:	أبحث و أكمل الجد			
Ras Ghareb wind farm						
Where is it?						
How old is it?			1			
How big is it?						
How much electricity		11111				
can it make?						
5- Look and write four (4) sentences:						
	COAL					
		Coal	Natural Gas			
	<u></u>	FI.	Naisial Gas			
	••••••	Oil	Nuclear			
6- Punctuate the following sentence:						
yes ahmed is my friend						



Lesson 4

fresh fish van

iresn iisn van

Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





sun

شمس

van

شاحنة



fish

سمكه

ten

عشرة



disagree

غير موافق

disappeared

مختفي



disappointed

محبط

dislike

لا يحب



disobeyed

غير مطيع

engine

محرك

Other Vocabulary

fresh	طازج	Thank you	شكراً لك
fun	مرح – متعة	old	قديم – عجوز
lovely	محبوب	shout	يصيح – يصرخ
start	يبدأ	in front of	أمام
help	يساعد	hot	حار
simple	بسيط	grandpa	خد
sound	صوت	surprised	مندهش

Verbs



pr	eseni	pasi
drive	يقود	drove
get	يحصل علي	got
want	یرید	wanted
teach	يعلم	tought
hear	يسمع	heared
give	يعطي	gave

Reading

Fresh fish van

شاهنة سمك طازح

There is an old fisherman in my village. He drives around the village in an old van. He likes his job. He has fun. He shouts, "Fish! Fresh fish! Come and get your lovely fresh fish."

One day, he was in front of my house. He couldn't start his van. He was sad and disappointed.

My mum saw the man. It was hot in the sun. She wanted to help.

Mom's dad (my grandpa) was a mechanic.

He tought her all about cars. She looked at the old van's engine.

"It is a very simple problem. I can fix it," said Mom. The old fisherman was surprised.

Then, We heard the sound of the engine. His van vas fixed!

"Thank you," The fisherman said. He gave Mom ten fresh fish.





*	Answer	the	fol	lowing	questions:
---	--------	-----	-----	--------	------------

1- What does the old man sell?
2- Why was the old man sad and disappointed?
3- What is hot?
4- What does the old man drive?
5- How many fish does the old man give mom?
6- Do you like this story? Explain your answer.

notes

dis الكثير من الكلمات التي يأتي عكسها بإضافة

الكلمة	العكس
agree	disagree
appointed	disappointed
obeyed	disobeyed
like	dislike
appeared	disappeared

Phonics



Vowels

الأصوات المتحركة

الصوت		كلمات		
u	sun	run	cut	
a	van	man	can	
i	fish	dish	mix	
e	ten	hen	net	

Math lesson

Prime numbers

الأعداد الأولية

Prime number: is a number you can divide only by itself and 1.

العدد الاولي: هو عدد يمكن قسمته فقط على نفسة او ١.

Examples: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 19, 23

 $13 \div 1 = 13$

 $13 \div 13 = 1$

 $13 \div 2 = X$

 $13 \div 3 = X$

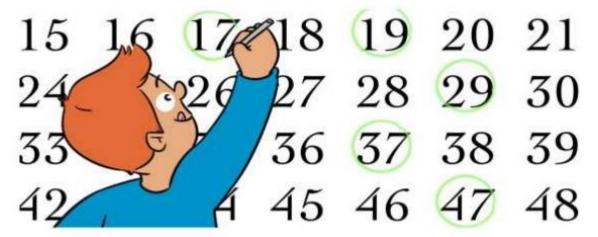
مثال 13 يلا نقسمة علي 1

يال نقسمة على نفسة

يال نقسمة على 2

يال نقسمة على 3

ولو قسمتة علي اي رقم تاني غير 1 و 13 مش هينفع بردوا لذلك فهو عدد اولي.



Homework

1- Listen and write the missing litter:

1- s__n

2- v__n

3- f__sh

4- t__n

2- Choose the correct answer:

(happy - disappointed - disagree)

2- She icecream.

(dislikes - disobeyed - disappeared)

3- I'm sorry because I my mom.

(dislikes - disobeyed - disappeared)

(itself and 2 - itself and 1 - 2 and 1)

5- The old fisherman drives his around the village.

(fish - van - engine)

(vans - fish - fun)

(sun - moon - sky)

3- Read and put true (✓) or false (×):

I'm Said. I'm a fisherman. I wake up very early every day, I go out on my boat and fish. Then in the afternoon, I come back and sell my fish in the market. My fish go to the resturants and homes all over the world.



1- Said is a farmer.	()	
2- He wakes up very early.	()	
3- He goes out in his boat.	()	
4- He sells the fish in the evening.	()	
5- He sells the fish in the market.	()	
6- His fish ao to resturants	()	

4- Look and answer:



What's this?



Do you like fish?



How does he feel?



Is it the sun?

<u> </u>	LOOK	ana	write	Tour	<u>(4) S</u>	enten	<u>ces:</u>
•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •

.....



6- Punctuate the following sentence:

mona and talia disagree

Lesson 4



Vocabulary

Main Vocabulary.





teaching

التعليم

teacher

معلم



immediately

في الحال

student

طالب



class

فصل

respect

يحترم - احترام



man

رجل

woman

امراة

Other Vocabulary

best	أفضىل	encourage	يشجع
world	عالم	hard	صعب
want	یرید	change	يغير
be	يكون	learn	يتعلم
answer	يجيب	teach	يُعلم
question	سؤال	adult	بالغ – كبير
different	مختلف	remember	يتذكر
quickly	بسرعة	favorite	مفضل
special	خاص – ممیز	ask	يسأل



Reading

Is teaching the best job in the world?

When people ask me, "What do you want to do?" I answer immediately: "I want to be a teacher. For me, It's the best job in the world."

For a teacher, every day is different. Students always ask surprising questions. Teachers need to think quickly. They need to encourage their students. They need to be very patient. They work for many hours every day. It's hard work, but it's exciting. A teacher can change their student's lives.



A good teacher is always ready to learn. Teacher's teach their students, but students also teach their teacher. Every one in the class knows different things.

Every adult remembers a special teacher. Ask your parents. Did they have a favorite teacher? Why was that teacher special?

*	Asnswer	the	followi	ing d	questions:
---	---------	-----	---------	-------	------------

1- Why does the writer want to be a teacher? Write three reasons
2- Why did the writer write this essay?
3- Is being a teacher a hard job? Why?



Show respect

I show respect to the people around me.

أوضح الاحترام للناس التي حولي.

- I respect the cleaner.

انا احترم عامل النظافة.

- I don't throw litter.

انا لا ارمى القمامة.

- I respect the teacher.

انا احترم المدرس.

- I listen to him carefully.

انا استمع له بعنایه.

- I respect the bus driver.

انا احترم سائق الاتوبيس.

- I say thank you when I get off the bus.

انا أقول شكرا لك عندما انزل من الاتوبيس.

- I respect the dentist.

انا احترم طبيبه الاسنان.

- I listen to her advice.

انا استمع لنصيحتها.



When you show respect, you are kind and polite. You talk to someone in the same way you want them to talk to you. We show everyone respect. We show respect to younger people.

We show respect to older people. We show respect to men and women. We show respect to people with different color skin and hair. We show respect to rich and poor people.



Homework

1- Choose the correct answer:
1- I respect the cleaner. I don't throw
(litter - ball - homework)
2- I the dentist. I listen to her advice.
(refuse - disagree - respect)
3- Students always ask questions.
(bad – surprising – short)
4- Teachers need to their students.
(learn - encourage - remember)
5- Teaching is an job.
(boring - exciting - bad)
6- A teacher can change their students'
(books - lives - homework)
7- I respect the people around me.
(show-do-make)
2- Look and write four (4) sentences:
WELCOME TO CLASS
3- Punctuate the following sentence:
is teaching the best job in the world



Test on unit 6

<u>1 -</u>	<u>Listen</u>	and	comp	<u>lete:</u>
			•	

- 2- People show to older.
- 3- The trees are next to the house.
- 4- The works in tourism industry.

2- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- farmer fisherman water guide
- 2- Monday Tuesday Thursday May
- 3- Look house make learn
- 4- sun oil gas coal

3- choose the correct answer:

1- I looks after all books and helps children find the information.

(geologist - librarian - guide)

2- I explain the history to the tourists. I work in the industry.

(education - mining - tourism)

3- My sister our tree to get wood.

(cut down - gave - grew)

4- The boy is He didn't pass the test.

(disliked - disobeyed - disappointed)

5- I say thank you to the when I get off the bus.

(bus driver - dentist - cleaner)

		_		1
SI	ΙП	2	P	Т



6- Solar energy is a energy.	
(new - renewable - non-renewable)	
4- Read and put true (✓) or false (×):	
When you show respect, you are kind and polite. You talk to someone in the same way you want them to talk to you.	
We show everyone respect. We show respect to younger people.	
We show respect to older people. We show respect to men and women. We show respect to people with different color skin and hair. We show respect to rich and poor people.	
1- We show respect to younger and older people. ()
2- We don't show respect to women. ()
3- We show respect to people with different color skin and hair.()
4- We show respect to rich people not poor people. ()
5- when you show respect, you are kind and polite. ()
5- Look and write four (4) sentences: 6- Punctuate the following: my favorite teacher is called mohamed	



In the taxi with Uncle Sami



Mr. Mohamed Gad Sadaka

01092786381



Part 1

At home



Zahra and Zein are watching a nature program with their parents. It's a very interesting program. It's all about hippos.

'I love animals,' says Zahra. 'I want to be a vet when I'm older.'

'That's a great idea, 'says Mom. 'A vet is a very important job.

Zahra	ز هراء
Zein	زین
Watch	يشاهد
Nature	الطبيعة
Program	برنامج
Hippo	فرس النهر
animals	حيوانات
vet	طبيب بطري
older	اکبر
great	عظيم
idea	فكرة
important	مهم
job	وظيفة

Mr. Mohamed Gad

What about you, Zein? Do you want to be a vet?'

'I don't think so, 'says Zein.

'What do you want to be, then?' asks Dad.

'A doctor?' 'Or a dentist?' asks Mom.

'I don't know, 'says Zein. I just can't decide!'

'I know, 'says Mom. 'Why don't you both go and stay with Uncle Sami? He has lots of friends. You can find out about their jobs. Then you can decide, Zein.'
'That's a great idea, 'says Dad.

What	ما – ماذا
about	عن
want	یرید
then	حين – ثم
say	يقول
ask	يسال
doctor	طبيب
dentist	طبیب اسنان
know	يعرف
decide	يقرر
both	کلا
stay	يقول
uncle	عم – خال
friends	أصدقاء
Why	لماذا
can	يستطيع

* Answer the following questions:
1- What are Zahra and Zain watching?
2- What does Zahra want to be?
3- Does Zein want to be a dentist?
4- With who Zahra and zain will stay?



Part 2

At the vet's



Uncle Sami is a taxi driver. On the first day of their visit, he takes the children to see his friend Adel. Adel is a vet. He works in a nature reserve.

'This is Zahra and Zein, 'says Uncle Sami. 'Zahra wants to be a vet.'

'Great! says Adel. 'Come on then. You can both help me with the crocodiles.'

Sami	سامي
taxi	تاكسي
driver	سائق
first	أول
day	يوم
visit	يزور
children	أطفال
Adel	عادل
natural	طبيعي
reserve	محمية
come on	تعال
help	يساعد
crocodile	تمساح

One of the crocodiles has something in its stomach. Adel gives the crocodile some medicine and waits.

'It's asleep now, 'Adel says.
Then he puts his hand into the crocodile's mouth.

'Look, says Adel. 'It's a plastic bottle. People shouldn't throw garbage. It's dangerous for the animals.'

'What's the matter, Zein?' asks Zahra.
'I love animals, 'says Zein,

'but I don't want to be a vet?

something	شيء ما
stomach	معدة
give	يعطي
medicine	دواء
wait	ينتظر
asleep	نائم
now	الان
put	يضع
look	ينظر
plastic	بلاستيك
bottle	زجاجة
shouldn't	لا يجب
throw	يرمي
garbage	قمامة
dangerous	خطير
matter	امر

_	Answer	The	Tollowing	questi	ions:	
1_	. Who do	Uncl	le Sami a	nd the	children	visit

1- Who do Uncle Sami and the children visit in the first day?

2- What does Adel do?

.....

3- Which animal does Dr. Adel help?

4- What do they found in the stomach of the crocodile?

.....



Part 3

At the farm



Uncle Sami drives to a farm. 'Come and meet my friend, Fayez, and his wife Mervat, 'he says. 'They look after animals, too. You can help on their farm.'

First of all, the children help Mervat with the animals. There are some baby goats without mothers. Mervat and Zahra mix some special milk. Zein feeds the babies with a bottle.

meet	يقابل
Fayez	فايز
Mervat	میرفت
wife	زوجة
look after	يعتني ب
farm	مزرعة
first	الأول
baby	رضيع
goats	ماعز
without	بدون
mix	يدمج
milk	لبن
bottle	زجاجة

Then they help with the maize. The maize plants are growing tall and strong and the maize is nice and yellow. The children pick lots of maize. It's hard work!

The children load the maize onto a tractor.

'Can I drive the tractor?' asks Zein.

Fayez laughs. 'No, I'm sorry,' he says.

help	يساعد
maize	ذرة
plants	نباتات
growing	ينمو
strong	قوي
nice	لطيف
yellow	أصفر
pick	يلتقط – يجمع
pick hard	يلتقط – يجمع
	<u> </u>
hard	صعب
hard load	صعب يحمل
hard load tractor	صعب يحمل جرار
hard load tractor drive	صعب يحمل جرار يقود

* Answer the following questions:
1- Who lives in the farm?
2- How does Zein feed the baby goats?
3- Which plant does they pick with Mr. Fayez?
4- Where does the children load the maize?



Part 4

At Faten's office



The next morning, Zahra is playing on her phone. Uncle Sami has an idea.

'Do you like computer games, Zein?' he asks.

'Yes, 'says Zein. 'Computer games are awesome!'

Uncle Sami's cousin Faten is a software engineer. She tests computer games. The children

next	التالي
morning	الصباح
phone	الهاتف
idea	فكرة
like	يحب
computer	كمبيوتر
games	العاب
awesome	رائع
cousin	بنت العم
Faten	فاتن
Software	برمجة الحاسب
engineer	مهندس
test	يختبر

Mr. Mohamed Gad

go to her office.

'You can test these new games, 'says Faten. The children have lots of fun.

Zein has an idea for a game. It's a puzzle game. He draws some ideas, but it isn't easy. Zein isn't happy with his game.

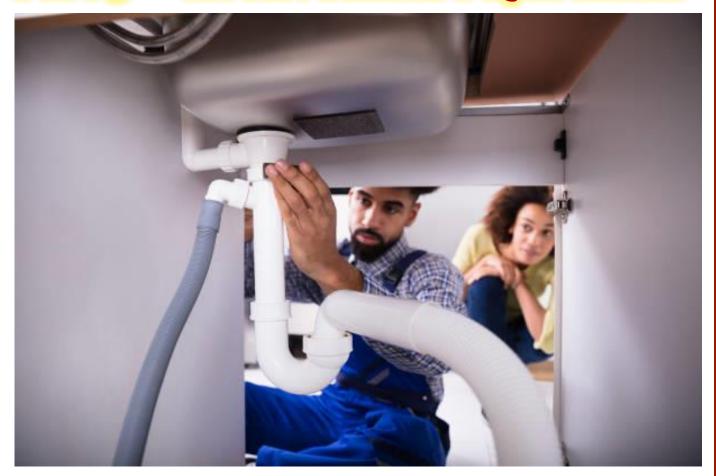
office	مكتب
can	يستطيع
test	يختبر
new	خديد
fun	مرح – متعة
puzzle	لغز
draw	يرسم
easy	سهل
Oh dear	يا الهي
love	يحب
want	يريد

'Oh dear! he says, 'I love games and puzzles, but I don't want to be a software engineer.'

* Answer the following questions:
1- Does Zein like computer games?
2- What does Faten do?
3- What's the idea does Zein have?
4- Does Zein want to be a software engineer?



Part 5 At Mr. Sameh's apartment



'I know, says Uncle Sami. 'Come and meet my friend Basem. He's a plumber.'

'A plumber?' says Zahra.
Basem is in Mr Sameh's
apartment. He is fixing some
pipes under a sink. The children
help him. There are lots of
pipes.

'It's like a puzzle! 'says Zein

come	
friend	
Basem	
plumber	
Sameh	
apartment	
fix	
pipes	
under	
sink	
lots of	
like	
puzzle	

Mr. Mohamed Gad



Something falls out of an old pipe. It's a ring.

'That's my wife's ring!' says Mr Sameh. 'Thank you for finding it.'

'You're welcome, says Basem. 'It's all part of the job.'

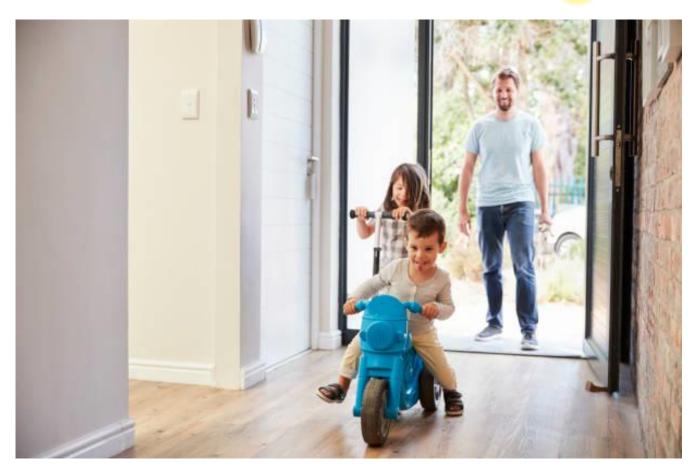
something	شيء ما
fall out of	يسقط خارج
old	قديم
ring	خاتم
wife	زوجة
Thank you	شكرا لك
find	تخد
You are	العفو
welcome	
all	کل
part	جز ء
job	وظيفة

* Answer the following questions:
1- What does Basem do?
2- Where is Basem?
3- What does Basem fix?
4- What does Basem find?



Part 6

At home again



That night, Uncle Sami drives the children home in his taxi. They are both happy and tired. 'Do you know what you want to be now, Zein?' asks Dad.

'Yes, I do, 'says Zein. 'I want to be like Uncle Sami. He has got the best job. He goes to so many interesting places. I want

night	ليلة
home	منزل
happy	سعتر
tired	متعب
Know	يعرف
now	الان
like	يحب
best	أفضل
job	وظيفة
many	كثير
interesting	شيق
places	أماكن
taxi driver	سائق تاكسي

to be a taxi driver!'

* Answer the following questions:
1- Where does uncle Sami drive the children that night?
2- How are the children when they go back home?
3- What does Basem want to be?
4- Why does Basem want to be a Taxi driver?





تم بحسر (اللِّي تعالِج

ممرلاً وشكركاً ونضلاً با رب لا كا وفقتي لمنزل العسل

(اللهم (کاکاک من توفیق فسنگی وحرکی و(کاکاک من خطأ (و نسباک فسنی و من (الثبطاک

لاللهرلاجعل حزلا لالعبتل معينا ومساجرلا وموفقا لكك س لاستغرمه

(الثاب (الطبوح/ محسر جاء صرفة